THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1873. [VOLUME V---NUMBER 252

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition

ATLANTA, MAY 14, 1873.

Summary of State News.

GREENVILLE.

Mr. W. J. Howard, who resides near Rocky Mount, has a calf with five legs and two tails, one tail and one leg growing from the shoulder.—*Vindicator.*

BRUNSWICK.

A movement has been inaugurated for the erection of a Masonic and Odd Fellow's hall.——Corn silks and watermelon blooms made their appearance a week ago.——Tuesday evening the workshop of the Brunswick and Albany Railroad, together with a lot of unfinished wood work and mechanics' tools, was destroyed by fire.——Blackberries have made their appearance.—*Teaport Appeal.*

ATHENS.

Until Thursday, we have had rain every day this week. The season has been a delightful one.——A young bachelor of Athens puts a young owl.——The cotton seed of some of our planters have rotted in the ground. Many of them, we hear, are plowing up their land and planting corn.—*North Ga. Georgian.*

SAVANNAH.

Special agent, Smith, left Savannah on Saturday for Charleston to perfect the arrangements for establishing the carrier delivery system in that city. He divided our city into six districts with one carrier to each.——On Monday the sports and customs of the Fatherland were inaugurated in Savannah at the Schutzenplatz by the Schutzengesellschaft, on a scale of great magnificence.——Bishop Persico left on Saturday for Charleston, where he will remain a few weeks before going to Canada, his future home. *News.*

THOMASVILLE.

From what we can gather from our planting friends, the growth of crops has been impaired by the dry weather of the past three weeks, but now they have had copious showers, which we think have been pretty general, and the farmers are beginning to feel better; notwithstanding they fear grass will grow as well as cotton, they can by work kill that, but not dry weather. Corn is looking healthy now, and notwithstanding the blow about heavy guano purchases, we guess Thomas county, on an average, will make corn sufficient to live on.——Thomasville wants a new Masonic Hall.——An unstated interest continues to be manifested in the series of meetings being held in the Methodist Church in this place.—*Times.*

Items About Women.

A Missouri girl washed all day, ate twelve boiled eggs for supper, and then danced all night.

During the past winter, when the wind blew hard, the girls at Green Bay would sit down on the ice, spread an umbrella, and sail for two or three miles.

Never marry a man until you have seen him eat. Let the candidate for your hand, ladies, pass through the ordeal of eating soft boiled eggs. If he can do it and leave the table-cloth, the napkin, and his shirt undotted, take him. Try him next with a spare rib. If he accomplishes this feat without putting out one of his own eyes or pitching the bone into your lap, name the wedding day at once—he will do to tie to.

Connubialities.

A Des Moines woman gave her husband morphine to break him of the habit of chewing tobacco. He don't chew now, and she is doing her own spring plowing.

We know of nothing so susceptible of perversion as the efforts of a young man to kill a mosquito on a young lady's cheek. A censorious world would never forgive him for trying to seize it with his teeth when any less extraordinary method would do just as well. And yet, it is said that in New Jersey no gallant of sound incisors ever adopts any other method.

Cooing is well enough before marriage, but the billing doesn't generally come till after, and then it comes from the grocer.

Political Items.

Captain Jack has been mentioned for the Presidency. He would make a first-class military ruler.

A Butler club has been formed in Boston to inaugurate the Gubernatorial campaign which is to come off next fall. It is presumed to be spoon-shaped.

The Springfield Republican is inclined to go back on its particular friend Lyman Trumbull. It says he was made a few thousand dollars richer by accepting the back pay, but has thereby "thrown away a wealth of confidence and respect."

The Maine Republicans hold their State Convention at Bangor, June 19th. It has been suggested that ex-Governor Edward Kent be run again, after an interval of service in the office of about thirty-three years.

Varieties.

Notes on education—Schoolteacher's wages.

A man may live in a garret and still not be room-attic.

Why is the first chicken of a brood like the main-mast of a ship? Because it is a little forward of the main hatch.

"Among all my boys," said an old man, "I never had but one boy who took after me, and that was my son Aaron, who took after me with a club."

A retired sea captain, who had made the tour of continental Europe and the Holy Land, was asked how he was impressed by his visit to Jerusalem. "Jerusalem is the meanest place I ever visited. There is not a drop of liquor in the whole town fit to drink."

Daily Condensations.

More immigrants have reached America during the last three months than during all the year 1872, and not a third who intend to come this year are yet here.

No member of the Massachusetts delegation in the of Lower House of the Forty-second Congress is known, as yet, to have returned his "back pay" to the United States Treasurer, says the Springfield Republican.

The Danbury News don't like the Patent Office reports. The characters are all overdrawn and there hasn't enough poisoning and shooting in the plot to keep the reader interested.

Henry W. Smith, the wealthy New York banker, is building a new yacht, which will have accommodation for twenty passengers and a full crew, and is expected, next summer, to make a voyage across the Atlantic and up the Mediterranean. It is to cost $300,000 and a $1,700 piano is being constructed for the grand saloon.

☞ When the late tragedian Macready was performing in Buffalo "Macbeth" was cast. The manager, Edwin Dean, had a daughter, of whom he hoped great things, and who had the role of the third apparition, the crowned child who rises from the witches' cauldron, bearing a tree in his hand. Macready had been in despair over the ladies who spoke the lines of the two preceding apparitions. Eleven times the heads had to come up, and eleven times he told the manager he thought he would like them to come up just once more. At length he feigned satisfaction, though he did not feel it, and the trembling Julia Dean was permitted to rise. She spoke the lines:

"Be bloody, bold, proud; and take no care
Of who conspires, who frets, or where conspirers are.
Macbeth shall never vanquished be, until
Great Birnam wood to high Dunsinane Hill
Shall come against him."

So excellent was her intonation, so pure her accent, so in accordance with the position, the expression of her beautiful young face, that Macready was enraptured. Taking her in his arms, he kissed her forehead in a kind, fatherly manner, and exclaimed, "My dear little girl, well done. Gentlemen (looking around) mark me this, you have an actress." The record of Julia Dean will show that he was not mistaken.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

Mr. Henry English, formerly ticket agent of the West Point Road, died in Montgomery on the 10th instant.

BALTIMORE.

Thomas Hauck Stops There on His Way to the Georgia Press Convention.

Lots of Interesting Matters About Baltimore.

Rufus Bullock Turned Up Again.

BALTIMORE, May 9, 1873.

I know of nothing more provoking than when all ready for a journey you find the steamer, in which you are to embark, has postponed her departure. I expected to have left this city yesterday in the steamer America for Savannah, but on coming down to breakfast in traveling garb, learned from the morning paper that the day of sailing had been deferred, and so I shall not be able to leave here until four P. M. to-morrow (Saturday.) It will be hardly possibly, therefore, for me to attend the Press Convention at Americus, at which I had hoped to have been present. I wanted not only to see the Americuses, but the merry cusses of the Georgia press, in solemn conclave assembled. I had expected to hear a sermon from Bill Arp, and listen to the reading of a poem in Cherokee or Choctaw by the versatile Harris. But these and other anticipated pleasures, it seems, are not in store for me, unless propitious gales waft the America down the coast and railroad trains are on time. I shall still live in hope of seeing the assembled wit and wisdom of Georgia at Americus, and of exchanging friendly greetings with my brothers of the quill. But meanwhile, perhaps, I should tell you something of

THE MONUMENTAL CITY.

All day yesterday I was rain-bound. In my room up among the clouds I heard the plashing of the rain on the roof, and watched it trickling down the window panes, until I was led to exclaim:

"The day is cold and dark and dreary,
It rains, and the wind is never weary."

Of course feminine Baltimore was kept within doors, and this made the streets unspeakably gloomy. One had not even the glimpse of a trim ankle at the street crossings. There was naught to be seen but an endless procession of umbrellas borne by dripping masculines. In the evening the regular season at Ferdi's Grand Opera House was brought to a close by the Aimee troupe, in *Les Cent Vierges*, (The Hundred Virgins.) an opera bouffe scarcely less scandalous than that of *Orphee aux enfers*" —(Orpheus in Hell)—which was given on the previous evening, and which performance I attended with a friend, who came on from Washington expressly to see the can-can come in the fourth act. Such an exhibition I had never seen before on any stage. It was worthy of a Quadroon ball in New Orleans, or the Jardin Mabille in Paris. So far as costume went very little was left to the imagination, and Aimee and the Venus of Milo pas succeeded in keeping their heels higher than their heads a good part of the time. They were encored, of course, though the moral folks in the audience were greatly horrified—so much so, indeed, that they had to keep there opera glasses before their eyes. In truth, however, it was a scandalous performance. At the Concordia an oratorio was given last night at the Holliday Street Theater, a sensational drama of life on the Mississippi; while the variety shows were in full blast as usual. So much for amusements.

Baltimore always looks exceedingly lively to one coming from Washington, and I infer that business is quite active, though there is general complaint of the scarcity of money. I have heard the same complaint in Washington for weeks past. Where has all the money gone to? If I could only find out I would start in that direction.

In her public and private buildings, Baltimore shows marked advancement. As I write, I hear the chisels of the stone cutters at work on the new City Hall, which is to cost when completed two millions of dollars and covers nearly a square of ground. The roof is on, and externally the building, which is of Maryland marble, is fast approaching completion. It will be an ornament to the city, though the site chosen is not calculated to show it to advantage. At the corner of Charles and Saratoga streets, work has been commenced on a building for the Young Men's Christian Association, and on the corner of Charles and Centre streets, a fine structure designated for a family hotel, of the Rennes or Vendome style, is approaching completion. On the corner of Charles and Monument streets is a new church, of stone and marble, decidedly the handsomest edifice of the kind in Baltimore. These are the most important improvements noticed in a brief ramble about the city on Wednesday. In every direction, however, building is going on, and at the west end a new city has sprung up as if by magic. Unimproved property that a few years ago was considered "out of town," is now occupied by blocks of fine residences. Baltimore has certainly the appearance of prosperity, even if she has it not.

THE BALTIMORE PRESS.

The Sun pursues the even tenor of its way unchanged, its supplements now aids them to relieve the pressure on its advertising columns, and making its proprietor richer every day.

The American can hardly be considered an Administration organ, since it has been so squarely "turned down" by Grant, but it is the base ball organ of the city, and that is something to be proud of. So far as publishing the news is concerned it is a very good paper, but it needs more discretion and better judgement in its editorial columns.

The Gazette, that sterling Democratic sheet, is about to take a new departure and drop the folio for the quarto form. This change will be made about two weeks hence, when the editorial force is to be strengthened, and such improvements made as will place the "Gazette" among the first-class dailies in the land. The "Gazette" has a handsome Southern patronage—and merits it.

The "Evening News" is the name of a little penny paper published here, which looks as if it had hard work to live.

On Saturdays there are quite a number of weeklies issued, all more or less meritorious, and all Democratic in politics.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

The Maryland Legislature, at its next meeting, will elect a United States Senator, Senator Hambleton's term expiring March 4, 1874. The leading candidates now in the field are Governor Wm. Pinckney Whyte and ex-Governor Enoch Louis Lowe. Whyte is the best qualified for the position but Swann has the most money. The contest is likely to be a fruitful one.

Sheriff Kane, better known in Dixie as "Marshall Kane," resigned his office some time ago, but the Governor refused to accept it, and now he has decided to serve out his term. The sheriff is understood to be desirous of breaking up the gambling houses and houses of prostitution in this city, and the grand jury having shown a disposition to thwart his efforts in this direction, he wrote his resignation. The foreman of the grand jury is said to have pocketed some seven hundred indictments against houses of the class mentioned.

The assembling of A Democratic City Convention, at which the nominations for the city officers, furnished the Gazette a text for an editorial captioned "A Plain Duty," in which it said:

"For some years past the Democratic party has had the supremacy in the State. The recent Congressional election made some changes, and the representation is partially divided. Recently, a much smaller change was effected in the City Council, and we are confident to the dominant party. There are no conditions to the dominant party. There are no conditions to the dominant party. There are no conditions

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to The Constitution by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1873.

State Road Shin-Plasters of the Confederate Time.

In 1861, when change was scarce the Legislature of Georgia authorized the issue of shin-plasters for change by the State Road. A large amount variously estimated was issued. Gov. Brown estimates the sum near $60,000. Major Walker, Master of Transportation, puts it as high as $80,000. The latter figures are probably correct.

The last Legislature passed a law authorizing the appointment of an auditor to audit these shin-plasters and report to the Governor, who will pay their value. Colonel J. A. R. Hanks, of Dalton, was appointed auditor, and has been and is now engaged on that work. The time is out on the 1st of June.

About $15,000 have been audited so far. The issue ranges from five cents to one dollar. Of the dollar currency, only fifteen thousand were authorized. The counting is very tedious. A day's work only counts about twelve hundred. A great many are very soiled and worn. But large numbers have not been used. The parties laid them away. It is a curious feature of these war days that this money, issued for change, should have been seized as an investment and stored away for future use.

Parties who have these shin-plasters should bring them in before the first of June. A good deal of speculation in them has taken place since the war. Some men, believing in their solvency, have hunted far and wide for them. One gentleman has purchased some seven or eight thousand dollars at from ten to thirty cents on the dollar.

Hurry up your State Road shin-plasters, if you wish to realize anything on them.

The Man-Trap of Dixon.

The fall of the Dixon bridge is additional evidence of the fearful demoralization that has crept into all grades of official life. The bridge was a "Truesdell-truss" bridge of five spans, resting on brick piers, each span being about 120 feet in length. This truss is a pretty cobwebby thing—a thing of beauty but not a joy forever, as the people of the little Western city know to their inexpressible sorrow and desolation. Its principles are radically erroneous. These trusses are composed of two iron cords or horizontal bars, the lower one of wrought iron to bear the tensile strain upon it, the upper of cast-iron. These primary and essential cords are held together by various braces and members, diagonal or perpendicular. For purposes of economy, the Truesdell truss makes the upper and lower cord of much smaller size than usual, and substitutes two or three cords inside the other and fundamental two, which not only do not relieve the two main cords, but actually add to their weight that those cords must support.

The truss had been thoroughly tested in the West, and every trial was attended by failure. No railroad company would touch the pretty fabrics from Massachusetts. In the neighboring town of Elgin one had fallen, with a crowd of people gathered to witness a boat race. Another at Rocktown, in the same State, was removed because it sagged and threatened to fall under its own weight. And yet, in the face of all these facts, Mr. L. E. Truesdell succeeded in inducing the city authorities to erect the fatal spans, in 1868, at a cost of $83,000.

How was it done? The plans were adopted by a bare majority, without competition, and against the warnings of the minority who protested that the bridge would be unsafe. It is the hackneyed post-bellum story over again. Four of the eight aldermen were bought by the bridge contractor at prices ranging from $300 to $500. E. B. Baker received $300 and H. P. Becker $400. And now, of course, follows the corollary—the work was slighted to make the corruption profitable. Cast-iron was put in when the specifications called for wrought iron, and, in some cases, putty where there should have been bolt-heads. By the terms of the contract that read fair enough, it was to bear a weight of 180 tons, but no test of its capabilities was made beyond driving a fast trotting horse over the roadway. Councilmen with bribes burning in their pockets—to use a phrase of former days—are not apt to be very keen in their tests.

Every city is liable now-a-days to contain standing shams that the first large load will bring crushing down—not bridges alone, but municipal structures of various kinds. Rottenness in the central power has begotten rottenness elsewhere; and, unless public sentiment can be aroused, we shall read of more scenes that will turn other towns into cities of tears. The tide of corruption must be stemmed, or else the whole fabric of society and government will be undermined. The lobbying contractor and the infamous men who sold themselves in the City Council, should be held accountable for the murders that were committed where their wicked trap was sprung over the rocky bed and rapid current of the river in Dixon.

Interesting Facts.

According to the census of 1870, the total number of schools in the United States was 141,629 for males, and 127,713 for females. The total number of pupils was 7,209,938—3,621,996 being male, and 3,587,942 being female. The total income of all the schools was $95,404,726, of which $3,663,785 came from endowments, $61,476,039 from taxation, and $29,992,902 from all other sources, including tuition. The total income reported is nearly three times that for 1860, and nearly six times that for 1870. It is considered quite impossible that there should have been any such increase; and the apparent augmentation is, without doubt, referable to a failure on the part of the census officials to secure complete returns. Of the total number of schools reported, the public schools were 127,059; classical, professional, and technical, 2,545, and others, 14,034. The total number of teachers in the public schools was 183,198; and in the classical, professional, and technical, 12,767. The number of pupils in the latter class was 245,190, and in the public schools, 6,228,060.—*Educational Journal.*

☞ A Presbyterian gentleman was engaged in marriage to a Baptist lady. They were sitting together on the eve of their contemplated union, when the gentleman remarked: "I have been looking forward with sweet anticipations to two events in our future life." "What are those events?" inquired the lady. "The first is, when you and I shall be united in holy matrimony," said the gentleman. "And pray what is the second?" continued the lady. "When our first child shall be baptized," responded the gentleman. "My child shall not be baptized," said the lady. "My child shall be baptized," replied the gentleman. "I have only to say, in conclusion," remarked the lady, "your child shall never be my child. Good evening, sir." And she left.—*Religious Herald.*

☞ They have arrested Mr. Applegate out in Nebraska merely for having three wives, stealing a horse, forcing a note and setting fire to a barn! If Nebraska is going to allow a man absolutely no liberties at all, how does she expect to attract immigration to her shores?—*Courier-Journal.*

DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Delivered at Atlanta, May 13, 1873.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

J. M. Elliot vs. T. J. Cox et al. Claim, from Floyd.

WARNER, C. J.

This case came before the Court and was decided on an agreed statement of facts. On the 11th day of April, 1870, at Rome, Georgia, T. J. Cox and E. O. Cox, his wife, executed and delivered the following instrument: "On or before the 1st day of November next we or either of us promise to pay to the order of Griffith, Clayton & Co., at their office in Rome, Georgia, $501.50 for five tons of soluble guano, and one ton of Dixon's compound, with interest from date, and we promise and agree to deliver to them, for storage and sale, our cotton crop made on our plantation in Alabama this year, as soon as it is made ready for market. Value received." It was admitted that the cotton was made on the defendant's plantation in Alabama, and shipped by them on steamboat, consigned to Griffith, Clayton & Co., on the 4th of January, 1871, that the cotton arrived in Rome the day after it was shipped, and, on its arrival there, was levied on by an attachment sued out by the plaintiff as the property of Cox. The plaintiff's demand was admitted to be correct, and was founded on the following instrument: "Rome, Georgia, August, 25th, 1869. Received of J. M. Elliott & Co. $300 advanced on my present crop of cotton which I promise to ship to them for sale, on my default, rate of interest 1½ per cent. per month.

[Signed] T. J. Cox."

The cotton was claimed by Griffith, Clayton & Co., and the question was whether it was subject to the plaintiff's attachment, or whether the claimants, as factors in possession, had a lien on the cotton for their advances made to Cox under the before recited instrument. The Court decided that they were in possession of the cotton, and were entitled to claim their lien thereon for their advances made to Cox and wife as specified in the contract. Whereupon the plaintiffs excepted. The questions made in this case were substantially decided in Wade & Co. vs. Hamilton et al., 30th Ga. Rep., 450. It is true that the words in the agreement in that case were, that the factors were to "reimburse" themselves out of the proceeds of the cotton promised to be forwarded to them by Hamilton, which words are not in the written contract in this case, but in our judgment, taking into consideration the relative position of the parties at the time the contract was made, as well as the character of the advances made by the factors, that it was intended by them that the cotton should be delivered to Griffith, Clayton & Co., as the factors of Cox and wife for storage and sale, in order that they might reimburse themselves out of the proceeds of the sale thereof for the advances which they had made to them, and such we think is a fair interpretation of the contract. The case of Wade & Co. vs. Hamilton decides that the delivery of the cotton to the carrier consigned to Griffith, Clayton & Co., was a delivery to them, and therefore they were in possession of the cotton as factors of Cox. The plaintiff's claim was for advances made on the crop of 1869, and not on the crop of 1870. It is advisable in all cases when factors make advances to planters on the faith of their crops being sent to them for storage and sale to re imburse themselves out of the proceeds thereof, that the contract should be definite and explicit. We confine our judgment in this case to the interpretation of this contract to the relation of factor and planter, for advances made on the faith of the crop of the latter.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

Underwood & Rowell, for plaintiff in error.

Alexander & Wright, for defendants.

Samuel Mobley vs. A. D. Breed, lessee. Ejectment, from Floyd.

WARNER, C. J.

This was action of ejectment brought by the plaintiff against the defendant to recover possession of a certain strip of land on which the defendant has located its railroad. On the trial, the plaintiff proved title in himself to the premises in dispute and possession by the defendant. The defendant pleaded that the land had been condemned for the use of the company under the provisions of its charter, and set forth in his plea a copy of the proceedings alleged to have been had for that purpose. After hearing the evidence and the charge of the Court, the jury found a verdict for the defendant. A motion was made for a new trial on the several grounds stated therein, which was overruled, and the plaintiffs excepted. By the 6th section of the charter of the Georgia and Alabama Railroad Company, it is provided that in all cases in which any difficulty may arise between individuals and the company as to the right of way, or damages to the land on which said road may be located, either party may apply to the sheriff of the county in which the land is located, who shall summon a jury of five freeholders, who shall enter upon the land, and, after taking the oath prescribed, award in writing the damages, if any, to be paid by the company, and upon the payment of the damages so assessed, the fee simple to the land shall vest in the company. Some ten or twelve years after this charter was granted this company was consolidated into the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad Company. On the trial D. S. Printup was offered as a witness for defendant, who stated that he was attorney and agent of the company at the time the assessment of damages to plaintiff's land was made, and was present attending to the same; that the papers were returned by him to the Secretary and Treasurer of the company, and have been lost or destroyed; produced copies of the papers which he stated were about the same as those in the defendant's plea, and gave them to Sheriff Watters to serve, doubtless meaning the original papers. The alleged copy of the original papers which the witness produced was not offered and read in evidence to the jury so far as the record shows. The witness then testified that he offered the plaintiff a certificate of stock in the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, which he declined to take, what was the amount of it does not appear. No offer was ever made to the plaintiff of stock in the Georgia and Alabama Railroad Company, nor was there at any time, any certificate of stock issued by that company. The witness also stated that the plaintiff was present when the assessment was made. The assessment was made in accordance with the provisions of the charter, and all the notices required to be served were either served or waived by the parties. [illegible] part of the witness' statement was objected to and the objection overruled, and that is assigned as error. Watters, a witness for defendant, stated he was sheriff or deputy sheriff, at the time of the assessment; served copies of the papers handed him by Colonel Printup, on the plaintiff, but does not remember doing any specific act or acts, nor what papers were served, but remembers that he did what was required of him in his official capacity; plaintiff was present at the time of the assessment; made no objection. After the jury had agreed on a verdict plaintiff asked him what it was; told him it was $500 00. He then said he was to take it in stock of the company. There are other witnesses who testified that the plaintiff was present when the assessment was made, and that he was to take the assessment in stock. Was the evidence of Printup, which was objected to, admissible for the purpose of showing that the plaintiff's title to his land had been lawfully condemned for the use of the company under the provisions of their charter? In my judgment it was not. The land owner stands upon all his legal rights, and when the company seeks to invade them under the authority of its charter, the burden of proof is upon them to show that they have strictly complied with its terms. The original papers relating to the assessment of the plaintiff's damages were lost. The next best evidence would have been the sworn copy thereof which Printup had in Court, and if he could have stated from his knowledge of the contents of the original proceedings that the paper which he produced in Court was a substantial copy thereof and it had appeared therefrom that the requirements of the charter had been complied with for the condemnation of the plaintiff's land for the use of the company, it would have defeated the plaintiff's right to recover. What I intend to say is, that if the sworn copy, paper produced in Court by the witness showed on the face thereof, that the provisions of the charter had been complied with in assessing the damages for taking the plaintiff's land by the company, and the damages so assessed had been shown to have been paid, it would have defeated the plaintiff's right to recover. The sworn copy of the original proceedings produced by the witness in Court, was better evidence than his oral declarations. Besides, his oral declarations that the assessment of the damages was made in accordance with the provisions of the charter, was a conclusion of the law, the witness should have stated the facts that transpired when the assessment of damages was made, so that the Court and jury could have decided whether it was made in accordance with the provisions of the charter. The condemnation of the plaintiff's land for the use of the company, under its charter, depended on the facts connected with the proceedings had for the purpose, and not on the opinion of the witness. It was the province of the Court and jury, to decide from the facts proved, whether the plaintiff's land had been lawfully condemned for the use of the company under the provisions of its charter, and not the province of the witness to decide that question, and in my judgment, it was error in allowing him to do so over the plaintiff's objection. The plea of the defendant was not evidence on the trial, besides it does not appear on the face of the paper set forth in the plea, that the jurors summoned by the sheriff to assess the damages, were freeholders, or that they took the oath prescribed before any officer authorized to administer it, nor did the evidence on the trial prove either of these facts. If the original papers containing the proceedings under which the defendant claims that the plaintiff's land was condemned for the use of the company, had been before the Court at the trial, all the requirements of the charter must have appeared on the face thereof to have been complied with in order to divest the plaintiff of his title to his land, and the loss of the papers does not dispense with the proof of the necessary facts to accomplish that result by the best evidence in the power of the defendant to produce. It appears from the evidence in the record, that the plaintiff was an original subscriber of $500 to the stock in the Georgia and Alabama Railroad Company, and had paid two installments thereon. The jury assessed the plaintiff's damages for the right of way through his land according to the evidence at $500 to be paid in the stock of the company. Whether the plaintiff agreed that the jury might return their verdict that he should be paid for his land in stock, or whether he agreed that he would take the amount of the verdict in stock, is not so clear, but no stock in that company has ever been paid, or offered to be paid him, in discharge of that verdict. There is no evidence in the record that the plaintiff has ever been paid one dollar for his land, either in the stock of the Georgia and Alabama Railroad Company, or anything else. The defendant offered him a certificate of stock in the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad Company which he declined to receive, and there is no pretense that the plaintiff ever agreed to receive the stock of that company in payment for his land. The Court charged the jury, amongst other things, to the effect that if the plaintiff was a stockholder in the Georgia and Alabama Railroad Company he would be chargable with notice of the consolidation of that company with the company of defendant, and his consent thereto might be presumed, and if he acquiesced in the building of the road on his land by the defendant, he cannot now, by his action of ejectment, recover the land and turn out the defendant, provided the new, as well as the old company had always held themselves ready to deliver to him a regular certificate of stock, to which he was or is entitled on account of the assessment made as before stated. There is no evidence in the record that either the old or the new company had always been ready to deliver to the plaintiff a regular certificate of stock in payment for his land. The only evidence in relation to that point in the case is, that Printup offered the plaintiff a certificate of stock in the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad Company, which he declined to take. The time the offer was made, or the amount of the certificate, is not stated. The fact that the plaintiff was a stockholder in the Georgia and Alabama Railroad Company, although he might have consented to its consolidation into the new company, did not bind him to accept the stock of the new company in payment for his land; he never agreed to take the stock of that company for his land, and no other stock was ever paid, or offered to be paid him therefor, so far as the evidence in the record shows. The charge of the Court, in view of the facts of the case was error. The defendant completed its road on the defendants' land in November, 1868. In view of the facts as disclosed by the record in this case, we reverse the judgment of the Court below and order a new trial, unless, the defendant shall pay to the plaintiff the sum of five hundred dollars with interest thereon from the first day of November, 1868, and in the event the defendant shall do so, the land of the plaintiff, taken for the use of the defendant's company, shall vest in the defendant, as provided by its charter.

Let the judgment of this Court be so entered.

Underwood & Rowell, Wright & Featherston, for plaintiff in error.

Printup & Fouche, for defendant.

Alson Thomas vs. John J. Whitehead, administrator. Assumpsit, from Floyd.

McCAY, J.

When in a pending suit between A and the administrator of A's deceased father-in-law, in relation to certain money loaned by the son-in-law to the deceased, and two other of the deceased's children testified of a settlement between the parties, giving the details of it, and in answer to cross interrogatories, said that they were not present, and that all they knew of it they got from family conversations, the witness not recollecting that A was present at any of said conversations, but giving his opinion that he was:

Held, That it was error to permit the answers as to the asserted settlements to be read as evidence to the jury.

Judgment reversed.

Wright & Featherston, for plaintiff in error.

Alexander & Wright, for defendant.

Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad vs. J. B. Fleming. Case, from Floyd.

McCAY, J.

1. When there was a trial of a suit for damages for killing the plaintiff's cow against a railroad company, and the declaration claimed as part of the damages, expenses of litigation under section 2891 of Irwin's Revised Code:

Held, That it was not error in the Court to permit the plaintiff to prove "that he offered to compromise, that they refused and offered to pay me $30. I refused to take $50, but was willing to settle without suit."

1. In an action against a railroad company for killing a cow of the plaintiff by the running of its cars, it was not error in the Court, to refuse to charge as requested: "If plaintiff's cow fell down a bank and rolled under the train after the engine passed her, or if the cow jumped on the track fifteen feet in front of the engine, then the accident was unavoidable and the company is not liable." Whether the company was negligent or not it was for the jury to find, and it was not the duty of the Court to decide whether or not, under such circumstances, there was negligence.

3. The verdict is not illegal as contrary to the evidence.

Judgment affirmed.

Printup & Fouche, for plaintiff in error.

W. D. Elam, represented by T. J. Alexander, for defendant.

A. D. Breed, lessee, vs. R. Y. Mchell. Case, from Floyd.

McCAY, J.

1. A non resident of this State, who is the lessee of a railroad in this State, and therefore liable to be sued as was the railroad company is none the less liable to be proceeded against by attachment as other non-residents are.

2. Where goods arrive at their point of destination and the packages or casks are by the fault of the carrier in a damaged condition so that they cannot be handled without loss and further damage, it is the duty of the carrier to repair the casks if possible, before the owner can be compelled to receive them, and if he refuse to do this, the owner may refuse to receive the goods and may recover the value, and this without offering to pay the freights, since the carrier has not completed his undertaking.

3. Goods are *prima facie* presumed to have been received by a carrier in good order for shipment and if they were not so, it is for the carrier to show it.

Judgment affirmed.

Printup and Fouche, for plaintiff in error.

Wright & Featherston, for defendant.

A. J. King, administrator, vs. Wm. Newton's heirs. Appeal from Ordinary, from Floyd.

TRIPPE, J.

An administrator who received Confederate money in 1863, and does not, by his returns, or on the trial of a suit commenced against him in 1871, give any explanation of what became of the money or what he did with it, cannot complain at being held liable for the full amount so received, especially when the verdict is for four years less interest than what was due.

Judgment affirmed.

Alexander & Wright, for plaintiff in error.

Wright & Featherston, for defendants.

D. R. Mitchell et al. vs. Mayor and Council of Rome. Case, from Floyd.

TRIPPE, J.

1. The principle that the owner of a building erected on the line of his lot, may, lapse of time acquire a prescriptive right to the lateral support of the adjacent soil does not exist in this State, especially against a public or municipal corporation.

2. If the work of grading a street, such as digging below the foundation of a wall, or under a wall and underpinning the same, be done by the consent or direction of one of the joint owners of such wall, neither of the owners can recover damages from the city council by whose laborers the work was done, on account of the falling of the wall being caused by such work.

3. Where it was a question at issue whether such consent or direction was thus given, it was error in the Court to charge the jury as follows: "What they (the city council) do, so far out of the line of their own business as to be evidently done in the the execution of somebody else's job, if such owner was present and knew what was going on and made no objection, will be pronounced to be done by consent or direction of such property owner, if nothing appears to the contrary. But this presumption may be rebutted by any sufficient facts or circumstances, such as that the owner of the property protested against it, etc."

The jury had the exclusive right in this case to determine what presumption arose from the facts proven by the evidence.

Judgment reversed.

Underwood & Rowell, D. R. Mitchell, for plaintiffs in error.

Hamilton Yancy, for defendant.

H. B. Hill, et al., vs. D. S. Printup. Equity, from Floyd.

TRIPPE, J.

A Judge of the Superior Court in this State, did not have the power either in term or chambers, under the Act of 20th February, 1854, or under the provisions of any statute, or of the common law, to grant authority to a trustee, to sell and convey land held by said trustee for an infant *cestui qui trust*, unless such infant was made a party to the proceedings instituted for that purpose, by a representative properly appointed.

Judgment reversed.

Wright & Featherston, for plaintiff in error.

Printup & Fouche; Underwood & Rowell, for defendant.

EXCITING SCENE IN COURT

Prisoners, Officers and Witnesses Fighting.

The End of the Lampley Murder Trial—The Prisoner Springing from the Dock and Attacking one of the Witnesses—A Furious and Bloody Fight.

Baltimore, May 9.—The court room at Annapolis has been the theatre of many exciting scenes, but the one which was witnessed this afternoon surpassed in thrilling interest anything that has ever been seen in any court of this State. Thomas R. Hollahan, with sundry aliases, and Joshua Nicholson have been on trial for the last few days for the murder of Mrs. Lampley, of Baltimore, on the night of January 2. As the State's Attorney was making the closing argument, Hollahan suddenly sprang from the prisoner's dock, and leaning over the rail struck Jacob Frey, the Deputy Marshal of the Baltimore police, a stunning blow on the head with a heavy piece of iron wrapped in a stocking. An extraordinary melee followed. Frey, although stunned, wheeled around, jumped over the rail, and grappled with his assailant. Detectives Schaeffer and Pointier ran across the room to Frey's assistance, knocking about lawyers and everybody in their way. Schaeffer snatched Hollahan's weapon as he raised it to deal Frey a severe blow, and struck him with it. John English, a witness and an ex-prize fighter of Baltimore, rushed in and struck Hollahan a terrible blow on the side of the head. He was also struck on top of the head with a spittoon, making a severe wound. The spectators were shouting with fright and excitement, and the air was filled with the yells and exclamations of men engaged in the struggle. The court room was densely packed, and the excitement was very great. One lady witness jumped on top of her seat, and uttered a series of piercing, hysteric shrieks. The detectives clapped their revolvers to Hollahan's head, and swore they would blow his brains out if he made any further resistance.

The Court acted with great dignity. Chief Judge Miller ordered that the prisoner should be given into the custody of the Sheriff, and he, with Nicholson, who took no part in the affray, was handcuffed and put in the dock again. Hollahan was bleeding copiously from a wound in his head. The blood was smeared over his face and on his clothing, and he presented a hideous spectacle. Frey received a scalp wound, but he seemed to suffer very little from it.

The cause of the assault was the hatred Hollahan felt against the police for the skill with which the case was worked up. The weapon was an iron staple, and some lumps of coal placed in a stocking. He had secreted this in the breast of his coat. He behaved with the greatest bravado, saying he would like to get a crack at another one whom he named. He told the court he didn't care a d—n whether they hanged him or not. They could take him out now and hang him if they chose. Half an hour afterward both were found guilty of murder in the first degree. They were remanded to jail and are heavily ironed and strictly guarded. Sentence will be passed to-morrow.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

On the night of January 2d, Mrs. Mary Ann Lampley, an aged woman, was murdered in this city and her house robbed of several hundred dollars during the absence of her husband. Some time afterward Joshua Nicholson, who married a granddaughter of Mrs. Lampley, and Thomas R. Whalen, alias Hollahan, were arrested, charged with the murder and indicted. The case was removed to the Circuit Court of Anne Arundel, and the trial was begun in Annapolis on Wednesday last. The testimony was concluded yesterday afternoon. Deputy Marshal Frey and Chief Detective Crone of this city testified relative to the confession of the murder made by the prisoners.

This morning when the cell of Hollahan was entered, it was found that he had worked the iron off both legs. Subsequently he was taken into court with Nicholson, and while the trial was proceeding and the State Attorney was making his closing statement, Hollahan suddenly sprang from the prisoner's box and struck Deputy Marshal Frey a stunning blow over the head with a heavy piece of iron wrapped in a stocking. Nicholson also sprang out of the prisoner's box and rushed toward Frey. The scene was fearful and exciting, such as is seldom witnessed in a court of justice. Detectives Pointier and Schaeffer rushed to the rescue of Marshal Frey to protect him from the murderous attack of Hollahan and to secure the two criminals. Hollahan was struck on the head and badly cut, the blood streaming over his face. Frey, though horribly stunned, was able to assist in subduing the prisoners, both of whom were soon overcome and handcuffed. After the excitement had subsided the trial of the case was proceeded with, and given to the jury at one o'clock, who soon returned with a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

A Triple Wedding Party.

Several times within the last year, this lovely city has been charged with allowing its daughters to be surreptitiously abstracted by young gents from afar.

But we fancy we got somewhat even, when at one fell swoop, on last Wednesday night, three beauties from Kinchafoonee were [illegible] by gentle persuasion to cast their destinies with us.

The ladies were, Miss Lula Aldama, Miss Anna Hicks, Miss D. Hamilton, all of the above city. Mr. George Weber, the efficient engineer at Burr & Flanders' mill, Mr. Giles Lynch and L. F. Wright, all [illegible] The brides being in attendance as mentioned above.

Mr. W. was married at St. Paul's Methodist Church, by Rev. W. F. Pattillo.

All the weddings being over, the party in a driving rain wended their way to the depot, where, placing themselves in charge of Conductor David Croft, after a trip of hilarity and pleasure, they safely arrived at home.—*Macon Enterprise.*

SPECIALS.

THE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Handsome and Liberal Conduct of General Wadley.

The Governors to be Transported Free.

SAVANNAH, May 13, 1873.

Colonel G. W. Adair, Atlanta:

We will pass the Governors and their party from Columbus to Macon, and from Savannah to Augusta

FREE,

but cannot furnish them with beds. We will, however,

RUN SPECIAL TRAINS

between both cities, leaving so as to give the party an opportunity of enjoying five or six hours' sleep after arrival.

WILLIAM M. WADLEY,
President Central Railroad.

The Firemen's Celebration in Augusta.

Large Turnout of the Boys, and Propitious Weather.

THE CONTESTS FOR THE PRIZES.

The Pioneer, of Athens, Wins in the Hook and Ladder Contest.

The Rainbow, of Rome, Takes the First Prize in the Reel Contest.

AUGUSTA, GA., May 13, 1873.

THE FIREMEN'S CELEBRATION.

The firemen are enjoying the most delightful weather for their celebration. The celebration itself is a magnificent success. The whole city has turned out to see the display, and the streets are lined with masses of spectators.

THE VISITORS.

There are, besides the Augusta fire department, eight visiting companies in the procession. Also delegations from a number of other companies who were invited but could not attend.

THE HOOK AND LADDER CONTEST.

The contest among the Hook and Ladder Companies occurred this morning, and was very warm. The times made by the different companies are as follows:

The Pioneer Hook and Ladder Company, of Augusta, went through the stipulated exercise in one minute and two seconds.

The Pioneer, of Athens, made it in fifty-five seconds.

The Citizen, of Rome, made it in fifty-eight and one-fourth seconds.

The Aiken Company made it in one minute, twenty-four and three-fourth seconds.

Two prizes were offered in this contest.

THE REEL CONTEST.

Seven companies contended for the prizes in this contest. The winning companies and the time they made are as follows:

The Rainbow, of Rome—forty-nine and a half seconds, and takes the first prize.

The Mechanic, of Augusta—Forty-nine and three-quarter seconds, and takes the second prize.

The contest will be continued among the firemen to-morrow. The public interest is unabated.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

The Ring Officials and Their Commissions.

An Old Man Hangs Himself.

Accident at Mercer University.

More from the Last Fight with the Modocs.

WASHINGTON.

COMMISSIONS SIGNED.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The President has signed the commissions of Postmasters Clark, at Savannah; Taylor, at Athens; Dunning, at Atlanta; and Belcher, at Macon.

WILLIAM SIMPSON PARSONS

has been appointed Consul to Palermo.

CABINET MEETING.

There was a full Cabinet except Belknap. Short and unimportant.

THE COMMISSIONERSHIP.

Jackson S. Sheitz, of New York, succeeds Van Buren as Commissioner to the Vienna Exposition.

ORR.

Orr's remains will come by way of Hamburg as soon as navigation opens, in charge of his son.

PROBABILITIES.

For the northwest and upper lakes, and thence to the lower Ohio valley and Missouri and Kansas, falling barometer, northeasterly to southeasterly winds, cloudy weather and rain; for Tennessee and the gulf States, cloudy weather and rain, rising temperature and southerly winds; for the South Atlantic States, southeasterly and southwesterly winds, high temperature, increasing cloudiness and rain.

MARYLAND.

HANGED HIMSELF.

BALTIMORE, May 13.—Mark R. Putnam, aged sixty, hanged himself.

AMERICAN RAILWAY AND MASTER MECHANICS MEET.

The American Railway and Master Mechanics have convened. H. M. Britton is President. There are seventy-eight members present.

The report upon the incrustation of boilers was read and views exchanged on the subject of the merits of the hard, soft, cool and corroding qualities of different waters and other important subjects were reported upon and discussed. The meeting attracts much attention.

GEORGIA.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

MACON, May 13.—A scaffolding at Mercer University fell to-day, killing two and hurting three.

TEXAS.

FIRE.

GALVESTON, May 13.—A fire at Calvert, Texas, destroyed a half of a block. Loss between $60,000 and $70,000.

MISSOURI.

ADDRESSES.

ST. LOUIS, May 13.—The Mayor delivered a welcome address to the Congressional Convention in behalf of the citizens.

H. T. Blow followed in an address upon the general objects of the conference.

OHIO.

CONVENTION.

COLUMBUS, May 13.—The State Constitutional Convention convened to-day, elected a temporary chairman and adjourned.

CALIFORNIA.

ORDERED FORWARD.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—Three companies have been ordered from Arizona to the Modoc country.

ATTACKED.

Five Indians made an attack on a family residing about eight miles from Walla Walla, Oregon. The family resisted them and were reinforced by their neighbors, whereupon three of the Indians were captured.

OREGON.

LAVA BEDS, May 13.—Lieutenant Camp reports that at sunrise on the 8th the Modocs fired on a picket of forty, commanded by Captain Hasbrouck. After scouting all day the command returned for water. The scene of the fight was seventeen miles distant. Reinforcements marched all night. Captain Jack rode within one hundred yards of the camp, dismounted and charged the camp, firing into a herd and the guard. The first volley stampeded the herd. While the troops were getting under arms the Modocs fired volley after volley. The killed and wounded are as reported at noon. A rally was made, a charge sounded and the Modocs driven in the timber, leaving two ponies, three pack mules, one dead Modoc, nineteen mule packs and six dead animals.

The Modocs retreated toward McLeod's range of mountains.

Hasbrouck has five days' provisions, but water was very scarce.

General Davis is determined to keep moving until the last savage is killed.

Two soldiers were mortally wounded.

Captain Jack took his position on the field in as lordly a manner as if he had been Brigadier General.

No squaws were seen during the fight, nor by the scouts in the following night.

NOVA SCOTIA.

EXPLOSION.

HALIFAX, May 13.—There was an explosion in a mine in Pector county. Forty-two men are in the pit. The slope is burning and there is no means of egress.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

THE METROPOLITANS CAVE IN.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Dispatches from New Orleans indicate that the Metropolitans have withdrawn from St. Martinsville. They are resported as somewhat disorderly on their way home. Dispatches report them as yelling like Indians, but they are so drunk as to be harmless.

Two Federal companies are at St. Martinsville to support an officer and ten men who are a posse to Marshal Packard, United States Marshal, to whose officer Colonel Deblance and several of his officers surrendered. They are on parole. Packard has warrants for eleven men. Col. Deblance claims that he has shown Kellogg that he was powerless without Federal aid.

NEW YORK.

WILL ACCEPT.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Pierrepont has not yet been officially notified, but it is believed that he will accept the Russian Mission.

CALIFORNIA.

CHINESE IMMIGRANTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—The British steamer Alatoona brings 1,000 Chinese.

GENERAL CANBY'S REMAINS

are lying in state at army headquarters.

NEW JERSEY.

DEMOCRATIC TRIUMPH.

MORRISTOWN, May 13.—The Democrats carried the charter election for the first time since the incorporation of the city.

FRANCE.

TYRRANY.

PARIS, May 13.—The sale of the Journal De Etat is prohibited.

ITALY.

THE HEALTH OF HIS HOLINESS.

ROME, May 13.—The Pope was very feeble yesterday. He had a fainting fit for one hour. His condition is rather worse to-day, and he is excessively feeble. To-day is his 81st birthday.

ENGLAND.

DEAD.

LONDON, May 13.—Rev. Thomas Robinson Canon, of Rochester, is dead—aged 82.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Cotton dull; sales 1,169 bales; uplands 19¾; Orleans 19¾.

Cotton—Net receipts to-day 481 bales; gross 1,186.

Cotton—Sales for export to-day 610 bales.

Cotton—Sales for future delivery to-day, 7,100 bales as follows: May, 18 11-16a18¾; June, 18 7-16a18 9-16; July 18 9-16a18 11-16; August 18 3-8a18½; September 17¾; October 17¼.

Flour steadier; common to fair extra $6 25a8; good to choice $8 25a12 50. Whisky lower; more doing, 93a93½. Wheat quiet. Corn heavy and lower; new yellow western 67a68. Rice steady at 7¾a8½. Pork $18 25a18 50. Lard weak. Navals dull. Tallow firm at 9a9 11-16. Freights firmer.

Money 4a5. Sterling unchanged. Gold 17¼a17⅜. Governments and State bonds steady.

Arrived—Mercidita, San Antonio, Montgomery, San Jacinto, Champion.

Arrived out—Celtic.

LATER—81s, coupons, 21 5-8; 62s, coupons, 16; 64s, coupons, 16; 65s 17¼; new 18 3-8; 67s 20¼; 68s 18 3-8; new 5s 15; 10-40s, coupons, 14. Tennessee 6s 81¾; new 81 1-4. Virginia 6s 43; new 50. Consols 53; deferred 12. Missouri 6s 93¾. St. Joseph 90¼. Louisiana 6s 40; new 40. Levee 6s 40; ditto 8s 50. Alabama 8s 80; 5s 55. Georgia 6s 74; 7s 90. North Carolinas 27½; new 15. Special tax 15. South Carolinas 27; new 17.

BALTIMORE, May 13.—Cotton dull; middlings 19; net receipts 235 bales; gross 462; exports coastwise 87; sales 315; stock 3,728.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—Cotton dull; middlings 19 1-2.

LOUISVILLE, May 13.—Flour and corn firm. Provisions unchanged. Lard—kegs 10 1-2a11. Whisky steady.

ST. LOUIS, May 13.—Flour quiet and weak. Corn active and unchanged. Whisky 90. Provisions nominal.

NEW ORLEANS, May 13.—Cotton in moderate demand; middlings 18¾a18 3-8; low middlings 16 7-8; good ordinary 15 3-8; ordinary 13 5-8; net receipts 2,780 bales; gross 3,070; exports to Great Britain 8,121; sales last evening 700; to-day 1,100; stock 140,096.

Flour dull—family $9a10. Corn firmer; mixed 54a55; white 56a58. Oats firmer at 47a48. Bran dull at 70. Hay dull—prime $24; choice $26. Pork dull, offering at $18. Dry salt meats quiet at 7¼a8a9a9½. Bacon quiet and firmer at 8 3-8a8¾a10a10¾a10¾. Hams dull at 14a14½. Lard quiet and firmer; kettle and tierce 9, refined 9½; keg and kettle 10¼; refined 10¼. Sugar dull—fully fair 8 5-8. Molasses, nothing doing. Whisky held higher at 92a95. Coffee firmer at 19a20.

Sterling 27½. Sight 3-8 premium. Gold 17½.

NORFOLK, May 13.—Cotton steady and unchanged; low middlings 17 3-8; net receipts 569 bales; exports coastwise 586; sales 70; stock 8,722.

CINCINNATI, May 13.—Flour very firm at $7 75a9 00. Corn firm at 50. Provisions quiet and steady. Lard dull. Bacon easier and active; shoulders 7 5 8; clear sides 9 5-8a9 3-4. Whisky firm at 87.

WILMINGTON, May 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18; net receipts 46 bales; stock 4,460.

SAVANNAH, May 13.—Cotton steady; middlings 18; net receipts 1,081 bales; sales 701; stock 23,377.

MEMPHIS, May 13.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 17; receipts 722 bales; shipments 650; stock 23,713.

BOSTON, May 13.—Cotton heavy; middlings 19¾; gross receipts 879 bales; exports to Great Britain 500; sales 200; stock 11,500.

CHARLESTON, May 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18; good ordinary 16¼; net receipts 654; sales 300; stock 24,687.

AUGUSTA, May 13.—Cotton dull and nominal; low middlings 17¼; receipts 323 bales; sales 50.

MOBILE, May 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17¾a17⅞; net receipts 82; exports coastwise 890; sales 450; stock 30,000.

GALVESTON, May 13.—Cotton flat and nominal; good ordinary 14; net receipts 183; exports coastwise 787; sales 300; stock 41,070 bales.

LONDON, May 13.—Turpentine 33s 6d.

LIVERPOOL, May 13.—Cotton closed quiet and steady; sales—American 7,00 bales; Orleans shipments April and May 9.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

WALL—The friends and acquaintances of R. M. WALL are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence on Ivy street, near Ellis, this afternoon at four o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Wiley Rogers, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed assignee of the estate of Wiley Rogers. The above named Bankrupt of the county of Morgan, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition. May 13, 1873. JOHN F. PATTERSON,
may14—d1aw3w Assignee.

LOST,

ON the 13th instant, between my office and residence, A PAIR OF GOLD SPECTACLES (very heavy frame.) Any one finding them and delivering them to me, shall have a suitable reward.

may14—d1t WILLIAM REZARD.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice that on the 13th day of May, A. D., 1873, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Andrew J. Covington, of Canton, county of Cherokee and State of Georgia, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition, and that the payment of any Debts, and delivery of any Property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any Property by him, are forbidden by Law; that a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Atlanta, Ga., before Lawson Black, Esquire, Register, on the 28th day of May, A. D., 1873, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

W. H. SMYTH,
may14—d1t United States Marshal, as Messenger.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice that on the 13th day of May, A. D., 1873, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate Joseph Heard, of Canton, County of Cherokee and State of Georgia, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition, and that the payment of any Debts, and delivery of any Property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any Property by him, are forbidden by Law; that a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Atlanta, Ga., before Lawson Black, Esquire, Register, on the 28th day of May, A. D., 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

W. H. SMYTH,
may14—d1t United States Marshal, as Messenger.

AUCTION SALES,

By the Live Auction House of T. C. Mayson.

J. H. BARRETT, Auctioneer.

Thursday Morning 9 1-2 O'clock,

40 SACKS OF CORN,
12 BALES OF HAY.

And a large Invoice of FINE FURNITURE and Household effects generally. Also,
Elegant New Flint Glassware,
Dry Goods,
Boots, Shoes, and
Notions in Job Lots,

And thousands of articles too numerous to mention.
may14—d1t

Wanted to Rent,

FROM A PROPRIETOR who has children to educate, a House of three or four rooms, by an experienced Teacher, with a family.

Apply at this office. may13—d3t

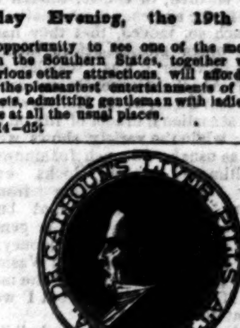
KNIGHTS TEMPLAR Strawberry Festival!

COEUR DE LION COMMANDERY of KNIGHTS TEMPLAR will celebrate the opening of their new and elegant Halls, by a grand STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL, to be held at their Asylum, opposite the Kimball House, on

Monday Evening, the 19th instant.

An opportunity to see one of the most elegant halls in the Southern States, together with music and various other attractions, will afford the public one of the pleasantest entertainments of the season.

Tickets, admitting gentleman with ladies, 50 cents, for sale at all the usual places.
may14—d5t



Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Family Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supersede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 20 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.

Price, 50 cents a Box.

None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.

Address N. C. WILLIAMS,
Post-office Box 240, Atlanta, Ga.
Manufactory No. 113, corner Washington and Peters streets, Atlanta, Ga. may14—d6mo

AUCTION At the Coral, No. 21 Marietta St.,

This Morning, 10 o'clock, May 14th, 1873.

WILL SELL, RAIN OR SHINE, to the highest bidder, the fine Basket Phaeton, Horses, Mules, Buggies, Drays, Spring Wagons, Harness, Saddles, etc. QUEEN & BEAR,
Live Stock Auctioneers and Commission Merchants.
may14—d1t

AUCTION At the Coral, No. 1 Marietta St.,

WEDNESDAY MORNING—10 O'CLOCK,

May 14th, 1873.

One new Basket Phaeton with Harness,
One fine Family Horse,
Four No. 1 Harness Horses,
Two No. 1 Saddle Horses,
Three well broke Mules,
Two good Drays,
One Spring Wagon.
A large lot second-hand Harness and Saddles.

The above named property will be sold without reserve or limit, for and on account of the consigners. If you want bargains, be on hand.

Terms of sale cash. QUEEN & BEAR,
Live Stock Auctioneers and Commission Merchants.
may13—d2t

The Surrender of Gen. Lee,

AT

Appomattox C. H., Va.,

APRIL 9TH, 1865.

A MAGNIFICENT 18x26 inch Engraving of the Surrender of Gen. Lee, beautifully colored. Engraved in the highest style of the art, and printed on heavy plate paper. It is truly a gem of art, one which should hang in the parlor of every Southern home. Sent by mail, mounted on a roller and postpaid, on receipt of [illegible] cents, or 3 copies for $[illegible] AGENTS WANTED. Address
J. C. & W. M. BURROW,
Bristol, Tenn.

Catalogue of Pictures, Books, &c. sent free.
may13—d1w

DISSOLUTION.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of ANDERSON & WELLS is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either copartner is authorized to use the firm name in liquidation. All parties due us will please make immediate payment to J. H. Anderson & Co.

J. H. ANDERSON,
G. W. WELLS.

COPARTNERSHIP.

WE, the undersigned, have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of J. H. ANDERSON & CO., for the purpose of conducting a general business in Agricultural Implements, Machinery, Guano, &c., &c.

J. H. ANDERSON,
D. L. ANDERSON.
may14—d1w

Atlanta Water Cure.

DR. F. KALOW,

Corner of Hunter and Bell Sts.

DR. KALOW, well known through his great and rapid cures, has returned to our city and again opened an establishment for the cure of all Chronic Diseases, of which he would specially inform the citizens of Atlanta and the surrounding country.

Liver Complaint, Fevers, Paralysis, Sterility, Asthma, Nervous Affections, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Diseases peculiar to Women, all Irregularities of the Bowels, Skin Diseases, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Dropsy, Gonorrhea, Eye and Ear Complaint after [illegible]

As a proof of his success, the Doctor takes pleasure in referring to the following persons: Mr. [illegible] Rucker, of Chapman, Rucker & Co., [illegible] Merchants, Major W. R. Cox, T. J. [illegible] Walker, James and John Lynch, T. [illegible] & Kucht, M. Schulhofer, Dr. M. [illegible] Superior Vicar, Mr. Turner, Brooklyn; [illegible] Philadelphia; Rev. Mr. Smith, [illegible] Quitman; Miss Dawoody, [illegible] White, Conyers.

One idea of his institution he will treat all Diseases with great success.

This method of treatment is the most rapid and only sure cure. Particular attention is given to the cure of Summer Complaint, Teething of children. Dyspepsia, after a few hours' [illegible] sufficient for a cure. MENINGITIS, no [illegible] people call me immediately at the symptoms. [illegible] treatment gives a white and soft skin, as I [illegible] will learn to treat his family at Acute diseases.
may13—d1y

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS

Sail from Pier 20, North River, New York EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

The passenger accommodations on Steamers of this line are unsurpassed for elegance and comfort. Cabin State rooms are all on upper deck, thus insuring good light and ventilation.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDONDERRY.

Sat. steamers. Wed.
Gold
Cabins..............$75 and $65.
Cabin return tickets securing best accommodations..............$130
Steerage, currency, $30.

Certificates for passage from any seaport or railway station in Great Britain, Ireland or the continent, at RATES AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER FIRST CLASS LINE.

For passage apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, N. Y. or to F. F. COULTER, Southern Express Agent, Atlanta.
may9-d-eod-3m

ICE! ICE!!!

PURE LAKE ICE in quantities to suit customers at wholesale and retail and at as low prices as can be found anywhere. THOS. S. SPROAT & SON,
may4—d3m at Old Rock Ice House.

MOORE'S BUSINESS UNIVERSITY PEN NO. 1.

The best pen made for schools and business. 12 gross, in boxes, mailed free to any address on receipt of One Dollar and Fifty Cents. Quarter-gross boxes, Forty Cents. Business Advocate, containing prices, etc., mailed on application. Address, B. F. MOORE, President, Atlanta, Ga.

J. W. & J. R. HIGHTOWER,

SUCCESSORS TO

LEE & HIGHTWER,

DEALERS IN

HORSES AND MULES.

☞ Opposite Passenger Depot, GRIFFIN, GEORGIA.

PROPOSE to continue the Livery and Stock business in Griffin, at the old stand, near the passenger depot. They propose to keep in the Livery line fine and fancy stock, and as superb and fine vehicles as the country affords, and will be prepared to serve their friends and the public at all times and by giving their personal attention to their customers guaranty satisfaction.

☞ Will keep always on hand stock to sell. Drovers can secure good accommodation—the lot being large and secure.

Bricks.

FOR RENT OR SALE,

ONE of the best BRICK YARDS in the city, and nearest the center of the city. All the implements necessary for work to go with it. Is sufficient clay. Fair terms. Apply to T. M. Ryan, Jr., Merchant, at W. L. Hubbard & Co's, Marietta st.
apr20-tf

ARCHITECTURE.

Parkins & Allen, Architects

WILL make Plans, Specifications, and Detail Drawings for Buildings of all description. Office in Republic Block, opposite the Kimball House.
jan5 d1y

Take Notice!

REMOVAL.

AFTER October 1st, I will remove to the DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I trust to see all my old customers and many new ones.

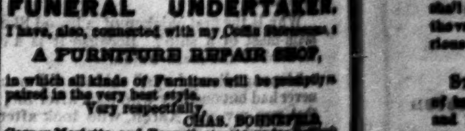
Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano. Send 75 cents for the handsomest and most extensive Illustrated Catalogue ever published in the South. Money will be refunded to those who purchase goods amounting to Ten Dollars.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
DeGive's Opera House Block,
After October 1st, 1872.
sept19— [illegible]

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING entirely withdrawn from the Furniture Business, I beg to announce to my old patrons and to the public generally, that I will henceforth devote my time more particularly to the sale of all classes and grades of

COFFINS & METALLIC BURIAL CASES,



and to the business of

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER.

I have, also, connected with my Coffin Warerooms a

A FURNITURE REPAIR SHOP,

in which all kinds of Furniture will be promptly repaired in the very best style.

Very respectfully,
CHAS. BOHNEFELD,
Corner Marietta and Forsyth streets, under DeGive's Opera House.

8th Wonder of the Age.

WYNN & CO. have been appointed sole agents for the city of Atlanta, for the sale of Carroll's Cold Water Soap—one bar of which will do the washing for a family of eight or ten persons in two hours, without any battling or boiling, and very little rubbing. Does not injure the fabric in the least. It is wholesome and is purely a Southern invention, being made in the South. This soap is emphatically Woman's Friend in washing, scouring, etc. We guarantee the soap to give satisfaction in every respect, and to the trade in small lots as reduced rates. We do a temporary variety of groceries, but no liquors.

WYNN & CO., Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga.
apr27-am-tue&thur-tf

LIME.

A CONTROLLING interest in one of two of the best Lime Works in North Georgia for sale. A sixteen horse power engine, barrel machinery and splitting machine attached to one of them, and the works only being a few hundred yards from the railroad, will be sold at a very low cost. The works are within ten paces of the railroad and the quarry immediately at the works, with an abundance of wood on each lot. WILL SHOW ENTIRELY SATISFACTORY REASONS FOR WISHING TO SELL, and show the profit it is paying. Inquire either by letter or in person. A SPLENDID TRADE IN OFFER FOR SOMEBODY. Address J. R. [illegible], Merchant, at W. L. Hubbard & Co., Marietta street, Atlanta Ga. apr13-d

M. E. MAHER,

Wholesale Liquor Dealer,

KEEPS constantly on hand the Choicest Brands of Foreign and Domestic LIQUORS.

No. 13 MITCHELL STREET.

Country and City Retail Dealers would do well to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
april6-d1y

G. & S. SALOSHIN

Brokers and Bankers.

LOANS NEGOTIATED AT LIBERAL TERMS.

No. 11 Peachtree Street, 3 doors north of Marietta, Atlanta, Ga. april18-d

Best Water in the City.

CITY HOTEL,

NORTHEAST CORNER OF PUBLIC SQUARE,

Gainesville, Georgia,

Just opened for the accommodation of the Public.

TERMS MODERATE.

april3-d3m MRS. S. E. BUTT, Proprietress.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS, WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar11-ly

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Carley, Duck & Co !

Atlanta Branch Great Southern Lead and Paint Works, 23 Pryor street. Pure Lead, Zinc, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window-Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Water and Oil Colors, &c., a speciality. april5-eodly.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S closing out sale is the place to buy cheap goods. Best prints, 11½c; striped cambrics 12c.; 4-4 bleached domestic, 12½c.; sixteen bone French women corsets, 65c.; ¾ white marseilles quilts, $1 25, Sara'oga, Newport, Magnolia, and Empress slippers, $2.25, former price $3.00; one-button kid gloves, 50c.; two, 75c.; and all other goods at corresponding reduced rates. tf

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Mayson will sell corn, hay and furniture to-morrow morning.

Lost, a pair of gold spectacles.

A house containing three or four rooms is wanted by a tenant.

The strawberry festival by the Knights Templar next Monday night.

Queen & Bear will sell horses, mules and vehicles to-day, rain or shine.

Read advertisement of Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

See bankrupt notices by W. H. Smyth, United States Marshal.

See notice of J. F. Patterson, assignee.

TO LAWYERS.—Complete sets of BANKRUPT BLANKS, comprising twelve forms, can be had at one dollar per set, free of postage, by addressing

V. P. Sisson & Co.,
Price $1. Atlanta, Ga.
may14-d3t

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Bridal Present Department of my establishment will be opened to-day, Wednesday, the 14th May. The citizens of Atlanta and adjoining cities are respectfully invited to examine this new feature in the jewelry business. Pains will be taken to exhibit the many articles of *virtu* contained in this establishment to all those who honor us with a visit.

The ladies are specially invited.

B. W. BRISCOE.
may14 3t Sharp's old stand, 31 Whitehall st.

THE Georgia Railroad Convention meet to-day in Augusta.

GOVERNOR NOYES, of Ohio, will be in attendance at the Canal Convention next week.

IT is easy to tell when a man's wife is away from home. He is the most disconsolate looking chap in creation.

SERVICES at the First Presbyterian Church, Marietta street, this evening. Rev. Donald Fraser will conduct the meeting.

QUEEN & BEAR will sell a number of horses and mules and vehicles this morning. If you want to ride, now is your time to get your equipage. Messrs. Queen & Bear are doing a live business. Call and see them.

ATLANTA, GA., May 12, 1873.—*G. W. Adair, Chairman*: DEAR SIR—This Company will issue round trip tickets, good for three days, to attend the Governors' Convention. B. Y. SAGE,
Engineer and Superintendent.

ATLANTA, GA., May 12, 1873.—*Editors Constitution*: It was Mr. Dave McCutchen, late a member of the Second Kentucky Regiment, C. S. A., now of the "Old Rock Ice House," who generously furnished the ice on memorial day at the cemetery, and not C. H.

PORT ROYAL.—Port Royal is now looming up into popular importance. The best move the Georgia Road ever made was to finish its construction. And now if the Georgia Road were to come in and build the Georgia Western Road, the Georgia would be the best paying road in the South.

WE hear many encomiums passed on Wilson's Herald of Health, because of the excellent manner of its make-up, and its advocacy of the business interests of Atlanta. It is edited by Dr. J. Stainback Wilson, and the price for the two forthcoming numbers is only fifty cents.

"THE TRIP TO EUROPE."—Parties contemplating a trip to Europe would do well to call on Mr. F. F. Coulter, Agent of the Anchor Line, and get a copy of a magazine published under the name of "The Trip to Europe." It contains a mass of practical and valuable information for the tourist and traveler, that is truly invaluable.

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA, May 11, 1873. *Editors Constitution*: The following members were elected by the Phi Kappa Society to represent her in the Champion Debate with the Demosthenian Society at next Commencement:

Messrs. I. L. Fielder, of Cuthbert, Ga; C. A. Niles, of Griffin; James Whitehead, of Baker county, and C M. Beckwith, of Petersburg, Va. PHILOS.

THE ROSE-BUD UNION, by request of the press and the people, will repeat their entertainment *on Thursday night next*. Admission 50 cents—*children half price*. Tickets for sale at Phillips & Crew's, and at the door. Ice cream, strawberries, etc., etc, after the performance is concluded.

The children are requested to meet this afternoon at 3½ o'clock, at DeGive's Opera House, for rehearsal.

THE STATE ROAD.—It has been known for some time that there has been some disagreement between the lessees of the State Road, and also some business misunderstanding between two leading officials of the road.

As soon as the reliable facts can be obtained we shall give them. Until then we prefer not to mention the vague and conflicting rumors which may do serious injustice to the parties.

STEWART & WOOD had a long procession of baby carriages, minus babies, traversing Whitehall and Peachtree streets yesterday. At one time they were all assembled in front of Clarke & Co.'s hardware store, and the report was circulated that the Governor had ordered the Cadets into infantry service. But it was only the captain holding a review and inspection.

AUGUSTA, GA., May 12, 1873.

G. W. Adair, Chairman, Atlanta:

SIR: Your two favors of the 9th inst., to Judge King, has been handed to me for answer. We will pass all Governors free and other invited guests at half fare. I have instructed all agents to sell to all on the 20th May full fare tickets going and give return tickets free. Return tickets good for five days.

Respectfully, S. K. JOHNSON.

THANKS.—Messrs. Wood & Ashford, of Decatur street, will please accept the thanks of THE CONSTITUTION office for a box of beautiful strawberries. They were decidedly the largest and most delicious seen at this office this season. They were raised by Mr. Jesse Wood, who resides about three miles from the city. Strawberries from the same vines for sale daily at Messrs. Wood & Ashford's, corner Decatur and Ivy streets.

A NEW COTTON PRESS.—A new cotton press was exhibited yesterday in the old Railroad Park near Decatur street, which apparently does its work well. It is the invention of Mr. George W. Stewart, of Gordon county. It has 300 pounds less iron in it, and requires about one-half the revolutions that others do, while it has one-third more power. It does its work finely. Mr. Stewart is the inventor, of the flexible joint of the mowing machines.

CALHOUN'S LIVER PILLS.—These pills have been so well known to the public for a number of years for their efficiency in numerous diseases that they require no newspaper commendation. Were it necessary, any number of certificates from the most prominent citizens of the State could be produced testifying to their excellent quality and their certainty of affording relief. Our object is simply to call attention to the card of our esteemed fellow citizen young Mr. Williams, who is engaged in the manufacture of the above pills.

THE Memorial Association return their grateful thanks to Gen. G. T. Anderson for his efficient services as Marshal of the procession on Memorial Day; our courteous Mayor, for his assistance; the press of Atlanta for their generous and liberal support; Capt. Bonnell, Messrs. Wooten, Taylor and Jones for vehicles and horses; Mr. Wm. Mackle for painting banner; Mr. Connolly, the Sexton, for valuable services at the Cemetery; Messrs. Compton and Snook for services; Mr. Dave McCutchin for ice; Prof. Mallon for the energy he displayed in interesting the public schools in our celebration; and to all other schools, orders, associations, societies, and the citizens generally for their large and most welcome attendance on the occasion.

The Association is particularly grateful to Miss Bessinger, of Savannah, for a liberal donation of beautiful moss used in ornamenting the pictures and the stand for the speakers.

"SOMEWHAT OF A DIFFERENCE."—In the speech delivered by General Gartrell on "Memorial Day," as reported in yesterday morning, the following sentence occurs:

The rights of the States and of the people are as sacred now as they were before the war. Indeed, it is more important that we should now maintain these rights with undinching courage than it was before our government had been sacked by the thieves of this mighty convulsion.

For "sacked" read "rocked," and for "thieves" read "throes."

CATARRH-FEVER.

The Epizootic in a New and More Aggravated Form—Several Deaths—Quite a Number of Horses and Mules Affected—The Treatment.

Quite a number of horses and mules, in this city, are now affected with catarrh-fever, a more aggravated and dangerous type of the epizootic. The symptoms are similar to the epizootic, beginning with an affection of the throat.

It takes a longer time to recover than the epizootic—running some three or four weeks. It requires great care and caution in its management. No corn should be fed while the animal is laboring under the disease. Bran and oats are admissible, but green food, especially grass, is the best. The animal should not be allowed to hold its head down while drinking, but the bucket containing the water should be held up to his mouth to permit him to drink without strain on his throat.

At the stables of O. H. Jones & Co. there are now some twelve or fifteen cases under treatment, and we hear of a large number in the city. Several deaths have occurred from it.

We advise our readers, as soon as they discover their animals to be affected, to diet them at once and begin the administration of remedies. The treatment pursued at Messrs. Jones & Co.'s stables is to administer ten drops of aconite in the morning ten drops of bella donna at noon, and ten drops of aconite at night. This is easily administered by placing the liquid in a small syringe and injecting the liquid on the tongue of the animal. Great care is necessary, however, as these remedies are powerful. With prudence as to diet, the animal may recover in from three to four weeks.

COLONEL ADAIR'S PEACE JUBILEE.—Col. G. W. Adair, "he gin a treat" yesterday afternoon at the terminus of the Street Railroad in West End. Quite a large crowd were present. Governor Smith, N. J. Hammond, Attorney General; Comptroller General W. L. Goldsmith, and his handsome assistants; Secretary of State, Nathan C. Barnett; Dr. R. A. Flewellen, General Superintendent; Dr. Joel Branham, Librarian; Hon. R. P. Trippe, Judge of the Supreme Court; Judge John W. H. Underwood, of the Rome Circuit; Judge J. L. Hopkins, of the Atlanta Circuit; Judge R. J. Cowart, of the City Court; Solicitor General Van Epps, of the City Court; (Solicitor General Glenn was excused for a scriptural reason) Mayor Hammock, Aldermen Dodd, Morris, Beatie, Goldsmith, McMillan, and 317¼ lawyers; a large sprinkling of doctors, and the usual quantum of editors, reporters and gentlemen.

It required the services of four street coaches and the indefatigable exertions of Ralph Peters, one of the "Katy-dids," to get the crowd through safely, and land them at Camps.

The crowd proceeded to Mr. Camp's spring and quaffed its healing waters. It seemed astonishing how much water they did drink. An ex-Solicitor General quit at his sixteenth glass only because he mistook the board on which was painted an analysis of the water for a grave stone.

Mr. Camp's yard has been beautifully terraced, and an elegant house is placed over the spring.

The crowd repaired back to the recherche depot of the street car company, which has two elegant apartments, fitted up one for ladies and the other for gentlemen. The grove around the depot has numerous seats interspersed through it for the benefit of visitors.

At the depot the crowd were all seated, when Col Adair dispensed "mint juleps" with a lavish hand. Some took it for the strawberries, orange and pineapple, while others preferred the liquid below. General hilarity and good feeling prevailed. At a late hour the crowd returned home, but it was a little curious that some of them got off two or three squares from home. Well, riding does cramp one's legs sometimes, and *perhaps* it was only for exercise. It was a Peace Jubilee for which all feel grateful to Colonel G. W. Adair.

SIDEWALKS.

The City Authorities Thoroughly Aroused.

"You Must Build or Pay."

Not a few of Atlanta's real estate owners are derelict in the prime municipal duty of bridging the sea of mud that lies along their respective fronts; and to these the city has recently sent its compliments, with a notice that sidewalks of brick or stone must be laid down before the first day of July next. The power of the Mayor and Council in the event of a failure to comply with such notices is as positive and unequivocal as an act of Legislature can make it. The 46th section of an act relative to the charter of Atlanta reads as follows:

"That said Mayor and Council shall have power to order such pavements, or sidewalks, laid down as they may deem proper; and upon failure of any person to comply with the same within the time prescribed, the said Mayor and Council may have the same done, and levy and collect the expenses thereof by execution against the lands and goods and chattels of the owner of the lot or lots."

The power of the city authorities is clear and undoubted. And that power will be exercised. We repeat it, sir.

THEY MEAN BUSINESS.

When Macon is in a spiteful mood, when any man wishes to say a hard thing against the otherwise fair fame of our glorious city, the attack is invariably directed against the city's weak point—her horrid walks. We can't deny the impeachment. This matter of poor sidewalks, or rather none at all, not only lowers the reputation of the city abroad, but it affects us in many other ways. Social, religious and literary gatherings are reduced to pitiful numbers or abolished during the rainy seasons; the health of many households suffers for the want of out-door exercise during the frequent reigns of the mud king, and—well, there is no use of enumerating the evils of our present condition, because it is soon to cease.

Mayor Hammock and the Council will deserve and will receive everlasting honor if, by their firmness, they lift our people out of the mud. They have set their teeth for the struggle, and the property holders may as well gracefully submit by using the fine weather of the summer season to do their full duty to their fellow travelers, increase the value of their property and the beauty of their city—and save themselves costs.

The inaugural of Mayor Hammock is significant of the new departure. After urging the Council to cease cutting down the hills, he says: "Look, rather, to the sidewalks, that they may be kept in a good condition, for while the rich are able to enjoy the luxury of artificial locomotion, it should be remembered that the vast majority—the bone and sinew of the city—walk."

Upon this platform the present municipal administration can win the gratitude of every man, woman and child that has to walk through Atlantian streets. May they prove so many Andrew Jacksons in this all-important business.

Norcross-Gainesville Picnic.

Editors Constitution: This morning Norcross was left almost without an inhabitant. The smith bade his hammer rest, the mechanic donned his best suit, the farmer took on his starch shirt, the preacher forsook the sanctum, the professor vacated his chair, the student banished his cark and care, and the dear women, young and old, bade adieu to the kitchen and parlor. At half past eight o'clock they all mounted the magnificent cars of the Air-Line, and, under the inimitable railroad caterer, Captain Wells and Major Kirkland, sped their way to Gainesville, the Queen City of the mountains.

En route the sign "BAR" over the door of a doggery at Duluth called forth the richest puns of the High School boys. The old women sighed, "Well! well!" the old men grunted, "Umph!" the girls giggled, and a wee boy of some ten summers screamed out: "Why, I've seen 'em afore; day used to have 'em at Narcross!" 'Twas funny to see Cousin Rob gently tap the little fellow on the shoulder and whisper, "Hush! hush!" This capped the climax, and amidst roars of laughter the train hastened by the quiet villages of Suwanee, Buford and Flowery Branch, and at 10:30 it halted at the Gainesville depot. And what then? Why, the whole ground thereabout was crowded with people. A column of some four hundred, representing the regular and Sabbath schools of Gainesville, was formed parallel to the railroad, and the High School and Sabbath schools of Norcross formed a line of equal length fronting the former column.

Quiet restored, Colonel Lattimer stepped out near the center, and with fervor, eloquence, and force, eulogized the material, mental and moral progress of Norcross, and in behalf of his people extended a hearty welcome to all their hospitalities. In behalf of Norcross, Professor Vincent made a brief extempore response, reciprocated eulogies, and returned thanks for the high respect manifested towards his people.

The column then wheeled and marched, two deep, along Main street, through the Public Square, and thence to the Gainesville's Ivy spring and blue grass meadows. There under the most luxuriant oak foliage, and in the balmiest mountain breezes, was spread a long table, which groaned with such abundance of rich viands that the most fastidious smiled with complacency.

Dinner over, a happy scene was presented. The Sabbath school banner waved in the breeze. The intermingled children with hearts throbbing with ecstacy reclined upon the shady carpet of green, the farmers scolded Jack Frost for his recent abnormal capers, but talked hopefully of the coming harvest, the ministers' faces beamed with gladness and hope, the editors and lawyers bestowed a "how do you do" upon everybody, and the young men and maidens vied in courtesies and freely exchanged their winged whispers of admiration and their eyes mutually flashed assent "I would be happy with your looks."

All in all, the Norcross-Gainesville picnic was a complete success—a real *recherche* affair. There was not a murmur of discontent, not a false step in the whole drama. The city of Gainesville forgot nothing and left nothing undone that would have contributed in the least to the enjoyment of their Norcross guests. There can never be a more united, efficient and hearty welcome extended any people. To us it would be more marvelous had we not mingled with her people. Among them we found intelligent and beautiful women, industrious farmers, skilled mechanics, learned teachers, large-hearted preachers, enterprising merchants, high-toned lawyers and a chaste, clear-headed, progressive editor. Backed by such sinew, brains and hearts there need be no wonder at the marvelous outgrowth of Gainesville in everything that tends to elevate and beautify her people.

THE train will leave for Stone Mountain about 8:15 o'clock this morning to attend the sale of residence lots. Parties pay full fare going and return free.

"SNAIKS."—Policeman Tom Jones last night, shot and killed two water moccasins in the branch in rear of Fechter & Mercer's Brewery. Tom is certainly a crack shot.

THE COURTS.

Proceedings of the Supreme Court Yesterday—Disposition of the Rose Case—The Novel Perjury Case in Hammond's Court.

Supreme Court.

[DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

14 Rome	27	17 Middle	7
15 Cherokee	11	18 Ocmulgee	16
16 Augusta	12	19 Eastern	3
		20 Brunswick	2

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *May* 13, 1873.

After delivering opinions in cases heretofore argued the usual order of business was resumed.

ROME CIRCUIT.

No. 17. Argument concluded.

No. 12. Horton & Rikeman vs. Morris Kohn. Claim, from Floyd. Underwood & Rowell, Printup & Fouche, for plaintiffs in error. Dunlap Scott, for defendant.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Fouche in the above case, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to morrow.

Fulton Superior Court.

This body met yesterday morning at its usual hour, Judge Hopkins presiding.

In the case of West vs. Rose, bill in equity, the jury have returned a verdict in favor of the complainant, giving him the land in dispute.

The case of John Ryan, executor of B. T. Lamb, vs. Thomas Malone, executor of Elizabeth Malone, was called and argued to the hour of adjournment.

The Justice's Courts.

For the past two days Justices Hammond and Butt have been sitting together in a case of no small importance. This is a prosecution for perjury brought by T. C. Mayson against Mrs. E. M. Bottesford and her daughter, Miss Bertha Scott. The trouble arose about a set of furniture which Mrs. Bottesford purchased from Mayson, and subsequently desired to return. She says she sent all back. He says that he never received four chairs belonging to the lot. Mayson took out a search warrant, and four chairs were seized and brought into Court, which Mrs. Bottesford swore were hers. The case was decided in Mayson's favor, and this testimony of Mrs. Bottesford is the alleged perjury.

After a lengthy hearing, which lasted two days, the Court yesterday honorably discharged the defendants. We learn that Mrs. M. has commenced a suit for damages for defamation of character against Mayson. In the perjury case Messrs. Hulsey and Spraybery represented the prosecution. O. A. Lochrane and B. F. Abbott, contra.

Station House Report.

Only four arrests were made by the police yesterday—three for being drunk and disorderly, and one, a negro named William Jordan, for arson.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT ON THE W. & A. RAILROAD.

Mr. R. M. Wall Run Over and Killed by the Excursion Train.

Yesterday afternoon, as the Hibernian Excursion train was returning from Iceville to this city, there occurred one of the most terrible accidents it has been our duty to chronicle for many days. The facts are briefly as follows:

Mr. Richard Wall, one of the picnic committee, took a position on the rear platform of the hindermost passenger coach as the train was passing the water tank at Bellwood. This was owing, probably, to its being impossible to secure a seat within the cars. Mr. Wall seated himself on the iron railing which runs around the platform of the car, and put his feet up against the door. He maintained his position until his car was just opposite the water tank, when, from some cause or other, his hold gave way, and he fell through. Four freight boxes, fastened behind the train passed over his body, killing him instantly. His head was crushed terribly, his breast mashed, and his right arm cut off. A negro upon the top of the passenger coach from which Mr. Wall fell, saw by the movement of the freight box that it had run over something and signalled to the engineer to stop, which was instantly done. Mr. Wall leaves a wife, just now in very delicate health, and four children, besides a host of friends, for he was widely known and respected in this community. He was connected with the house of Clayton & Webb.

We extend our deepest sympathies to his family and relations in their deep affliction.

Y. M. L. A.

Annual Meeting—Prosperous Condition of the Association—Out of Debt—Ladies Admitted to Membership—Nominations—Reports of the President and Committees.

The annual meeting of the Young Men's Library was held at their rooms last night.

President John H. Flynn being absent, Colonel E Y. Clarke presided.

On taking the chair, Colonel Clarke congratulated the Association upon the prosperous circumstances under which they met.

By request of the Chair, Director Gholstin read the annual report of President Flynn, which was received and ordered spread on the minutes.

ATLANTA, GA., May 13, 1873.

To the Members of the Y. M. L. A.:

GENTS—I beg leave to submit my report for the year ending to-night, in writing, and regret exceedingly that business has called me away from the city, preventing me from meeting you here to-night in person.

From the reports of the several committees annexed you will see that the Association is in a prosperous condition. The Board of Directors elected by you at your last annual election, have attended to their duties with energy and fidelity. I will take this occasion to say, that I have found them at all times willing to aid in any measure that was for the good of the association. No regular or called meeting of the Board of Directors has been postponed on account of a quorum not being present. On the contrary, at many of the meetings every member was in his place. Without their valuable aid your President would have been unable to accomplish what has been done.

I have endeavored to aid the Board in the efforts they have made for your benefit, but to them chiefly is due the credit for our present condition. From the report of your Committee on Library and Rooms you will see that there have been added to our members and all valuable purchased through donations made in cash and otherwise by friends of the association. Above 2800 volumes have been circulated during the year.

From the report of the Finance Committee, it will be shown that the income from all sources has been $4,529 61; the expenditures $4,529, leaving a balance in the hands of the Treasurer of $97 16. The amount expended may appear large, but $300 it has been paid for debts contracted before the present Board went into office, and which we found upon entering, has since been settled. The actual expenses for the year past have been $1,735 81.

By the report of your Lecture Committee you will see that the proceeds turned over to the Treasurer.

I beg leave to call your attention to the amendment offered to our Constitution permitting ladies to become members of the Association. This I believe to be a good measure that would be beneficial and add greatly to the income, and as all the Directors join me in these views, I would recommend its adoption. I also call your attention to the amendment proposing to charge the election of Secretary and Treasurer from the Association to the Board. The majority of the Board recommend the adoption of the same by the Association.

The Y. M. L. A. of Atlanta has become one of its permanent institutions, of which any city might be proud; it is in the power of its citizens to make it even more useful in the future than it has been in the past, and I believe if called on they will do so. The time, I think, is not far distant when we might occupy a building of our own if we make proper efforts towards accomplishing this result.

My impression is, that by adopting the amendment as to ladies above referred to, you will interest them in our future welfare, and their assistance would materially aid us in any efforts we may make to erect a building for ourselves. There are many ways in which we might accomplish this desirable object: the best one I think would be annual fairs, which might be held under the auspices of the lady members and friends of the association. This I feel confident would, in a few years, bring in a sufficient sum to purchase a lot and erect a building suitable for accommodation, which would be a credit to our association and an ornament to our city.

Before closing my report, I would state that the Librarian has been very zealous in the discharge of his duties, and has displayed much taste in his care of the rooms. The reports of the several committees will show the manner in which the various officers have discharged their duties.

And now, gentlemen, allow me to thank you for the honor you conferred upon me by electing me your presiding officer for the past year. I have endeavored to carry out the trust confided to me the best of my ability, and if I have fallen short, my shortcomings are of the head and not of the heart, for the welfare of our institution was always the end I aimed at. With my best wishes for your continued success,

I remain, respectfully, JOHN H. FLYNN,
for the Board of Directors.

Henry Hillyer submitted a verbal report for the Lecture Committee. He gave a succinct account of the difficulties that met the committee in the outset, and recommended that future committees get up a system of lectures. He stated that but for the lecture of Vice President Clarke there would have been nothing to the credit of the Association on this subject. Report received.

Mr. B. Mallon submitted the following report for the Library Committee, which was received and ordered spread upon the minutes.

REPORT OF LIBRARY COMMITTEE.

The number of volumes in the Library at the present time is 3,614; 808 volumes have been added during the year just closed. Of these 158 were purchased with funds appropriated by the Board of Directors; for the remaining 650 we are indebted chiefly to the exertions of our efficient Librarian, Mr. Herbst.

There are about 500 paying members, 200 of whom have been added during the current year, a few of these were renewals of membership. The circulation of books has greatly increased over that of former years, amounting to about 10,000 volumes.

One active member by commutation of his dues in the payment of $50, has been added to the list of life members.

The list of life members now stands as follows: Colonel L. P. Grant, S. S. Kendrick, Captain W. Kidd, E. Y. Clarke, John Rice, Robert A. Hemphill and W. A. Hemphill.

A good library, easily accessible to all classes, is essential to the continued education and culture of any community. Schools furnish but the merest elements of knowledge; our real education is obtained after we leave school, and is acquired chiefly from books. Books are now, and are every year becoming more so, the instructors of the world. Carlyle says "libraries are the true universities of our times." They continue and complete the education begun in the schools.

There is a strong tendency for education to stop with release from school and its stimulants. Many are unable to purchase books, and, besides, by the exigencies of life, are thrown into association with persons who do not read. To all such, access to a good library will keep alive whatever of literary taste they may have gained at school. To the educated classes, also, a public library is a standing necessity. It teaches the teachers, and supplies with the best implements of education those who educate the people, whether in the pulpit, the schools or through the press.

But a good library, useful to all classes of the community, cannot be formed by accident. It is the product of determinate purpose, special knowledge and skill, and persistent effort. It should not be a mere chance aggregation of books, such as is likely to result from a dependence on donations with occasional purchases; but there should be in the hands of the library committee a fund for systematic purchase. Our President has suggested a plan by which such a fund may be obtained—a plan which I think will commend itself to the Association. This fund should be judiciously expended by the library committee, in building up a comprehensive, well-chosen library, adapted to all classes in our city, to the young, to the masses, and to the cultured among us.

Your committee would respectfully recommend that a classified catalogue of the library be made as soon as convenient, and that the books be classed in the library to correspond with the classification in the catalogue. This would greatly improve the usefulness of the library, by enabling both officers of the Association and readers generally to find books more readily, as well as to indicate the number of books in each department.

The following list of subjects, with an alphabetical arrangement of each, is suggested:

1 History,	7 Juveniles,
2 Biography,	8 Literature,
3 Voyages and Travel	9 Religion,
4 Fiction,	10 Periodicals,
5 Poetry,	11 Miscellaneous,
6 Science,	12 Reference.

The rooms now occupied are too small for the increasing wants of the Library. At least 1,000 volumes should be added to the library during the coming year, and for these new shelves will be needed. Besides larger rooms will give opportunity for arranging reading tables with periodicals and papers upon them properly classified.

Your committee, therefore, recommend that as soon as practicable provision be made for the enlargement of the rooms in the present location, or for obtaining larger and more suitable rooms elsewhere.

In conclusion, your committee respectfully urge upon the attention of the board of directors and the members of the association the responsibility resting upon them to carry on vigorously and wisely the work so well begun.

This institution should be made the great centre of all the literary interests and enterprises of our city. We should not pursue a policy either so narrow or so feeble as to allow other literary societies and libraries to grow up on all sides of us, but we should so enlarge our scope as to embrace all these energies. In union there is strength. It would be exceedingly unwise for us to divide our strength by a fruitless effort to establish several libraries.

Our work, if wisely and efficiently managed, will commend itself to the intelligent and public spirited of our community. This institution is the only one in our city outside of the Public Schools in which all classes of our people are equally interested. Other institutions are for classes and tend, more or less, to divide. This invites all, and for a noble end—extended education and culture.

Every thoughtful person in our community will wish to aid in sustaining all enterprises which thus serve to unite our people and advance our social well-being. Respectfully submitted,

A. HAAS,
J. A. BOWIE,
R. R. LAWHON,
B. MALLON,
Committee.

May 13, 1873.

[illegible] submitted the following report of the Finance Committee, which was received and ordered spread on the minutes.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

ATLANTA, GA., May 13, 1873.

To the President and Members of the Young Men's Library Association:

We have examined the books and vouchers of the Treasurer and find them in order and correct. Also examined the books of the Librarian and find them correct.

Collections from initiations, dues, etc.	$1,042 [illegible]
Collections from lectures [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	345 67
Collected from all sources	[illegible] 16

DISBURSED BY THE TREASURER.

On account of old debts	803 19
On account of new debts	736 41
Total	$1,[illegible]

DISBURSED BY THE LIBRARIAN.

For 12 months' salary	$[illegible]
Expenses as per petty cash book	[illegible]
Total	$1,[illegible]
Total expended	[illegible]
Balance in hands of Treasurer	[illegible]

The large discrepancy between the amount received from all sources and the amount disbursed by the Treasurer is accounted for by the fact that the Librarian has collected the sum of $[illegible] without first passing the money through the regular channels. In the future this ought never to be allowed. [illegible]

[illegible]

Respectfully submitted, [illegible]
A. HAAS,
LOUIS GHOLSTIN,
Finance Committee.

John H. Seals, Treasurer, submitted his report, which was received and ordered spread upon the minutes.

J. H. Seals, Treasurer, in account with Y. M. L. A.	
Total receipts to date	$1,[illegible] 34
Disbursed	1,531 19
Balance on hand	97 16

JNO. M. HARWELL, Treasurer Y. M. L. A.
Atlanta, Ga., May 13, 1873.

On motion of Colonel Jesse H. Goss, a vote of thanks to the retiring board were unanimously tendered.

On motion, a vote of thanks to President Flynn for the faithful discharge of his duties was unanimously adopted.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

The amendment to the Constitution proposed by Colonel Z. D. Harrison, came up for action.

Resolved, That article 3, section 1, of the Constitution be and the same is hereby amended by striking out the words "Secretary" and "Treasurer" and that said officers shall hereafter be elected by the Board of Directors at their first regular meeting after the annual election.

After an elaborate discussion covering fully one hour's time, and "sundry and divers" motions and counter motions and amid much merriment and spicy debate the amendment was not adopted, failing to secure the necessary two-third vote.

The amendment offered by Col. E. Y. Clarke, next came up for action. Vice President Clarke called Director Mallon to the chair, and sustained his amendment in a few words.

The following is the amendment which was adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That on and after the second Tuesday in May, 1873, the privileges of membership shall be extended to females under the same constitutional restrictions that are applicable to males, with all the rights appertaining, save those of voting and holding office.

NOMINATIONS.

The members of the old Board were all renominated. Some few others were also put in nomination. The lateness of the hour prevents our giving a complete list.

THE ASSOCIATION.

The reports show the Association to be in a gratifying state of prosperity. The Board went into office with a debt of over $800 over them; they go out with every liability met, $100 in the treasury, 200 members, and 800 volumes added.

Well may the Association say to the Board: "Well done, good and faithful servants."

BUY your ice from John H. Groves, Whitehall street. *2t

THE Hibernian Benevolent Society will meet at their hall at 3 o'clock this afternoon to attend the funeral of their late brother, R. M. Wall.

THOMAS RUNAN, Secretary.

THE HIBERNIAN PICNIC.—The annual picnic of this benevolent order took place yesterday at Iceville. Our Irish friends turned out in force, such force in fact, that it took ten coaches to transport their persons, and four freight cars to contain the eatables and baggage.

The excursion train made two trips, and brought out a second installment of guests at half past one o'clock in the morning. Besides these many parties came out in private conveyances. At three o'clock there were between eight and nine hundred persons on the ground. The ladies, of whom a goodly number were present, looked unusually pretty in their attractive picnic costumes. A fine band accompanied the excursionists, and between courting and dancing, with an occasional interruption in the way of eating, the day passed in a continual round of pleasure that we have seldom seen equalled.

The hospitality of the Irish is proverbial, and the courtesies that were shown to the representative of this paper yesterday, and which left no possible wish or want ungratified, will be long remembered. We can justly compliment our Hibernian friends upon the unusual good order preserved during the day. A few disorderly parties, who are bound to infest picnics, did make one or two efforts to do some fighting, but they were quickly suppressed. A young man by the name of Clements met with a painful accident. While handling his pistol—which by the way, he should not have carried to a picnic—it was accidently discharged, and shot him through the hand. The bones of one finger are badly fractured, but otherwise the injury is not severe.

The Hibernian picnic, however, is so far the biggest success of the season, and had not the unfortunate death of Mr. Wall (found detailed in another column) cast a gloom over the entire party, its end would have been fully as delightful as its beginning.

Local and Business Notices.

ALL the novelties in Millinery Goods, at
may11-sun-tues-fri MRS. FRANK'S.

KID GLOVES at 50 cents, worth one dollar, at MRS. FRANK'S.
may11-sun-tues-fri

LATEST styles in Linen and Lace Collars at MRS. FRANK'S.
may11-sun-tues-fri

WHITE and Fancy Vests, of the newest styles, at M. & J. HIRSCH'S.
may11-tf

LACE POINTS and Sacques at less than the cost to import, at MRS. FRANK'S.
may11-sun-tue-fri

LADIES, if you are at a loss where to find an article not usually kept in this city, call at MRS. FRANK'S, and you will find it.
may11-sun-tues-fri

LADIES' Ready-Made Swiss Suits,
Ladies' Ready-Made Lawn Suits,
Ladies' Ready-Made Linen Suits,
Ladies' Ready-Made Embroidered Suits, at MRS. FRANK'S.
may11-sun-tues-fri

THAT'S what they all say! That Knox's Millinery and Variety Store is the best and cheapest place to buy Hats, Bonnets, Sash Ribbons, Real Hair Switches, Ruffling for the Neck, Thread Braids, Zephyr Worsteds. Old hats bleached and pressed.
may9—dtf

PUBLIC Speakers and Singers will find "Brown's Bronchial Troches" beneficial in clearing the voice before speaking or singing, and relieving the throat after any exertion of the vocal organs. For coughs and colds the Troches are effectual.
may13—tues-thu-sat

OUR Spring style of Clothing is a decided success, and our moderate prices suit all classes, offering great inducements to purchasers of the finest clothing to be found in the city.
M. & J. HIRSCH,
Popular Clothiers,
may11-tf 41 Whitehall St.

NOTICE.—One of the best recommendations of Jackson's Magic Balsam is, that in the town of Barnesville, where the medicine is manufactured, 1,500 bottles have been sold and not a single bottle has failed to give satisfaction. Sold by all druggists.
apr20—dtf

DRUGGISTS, grocers, supply dealers and dry goods merchants, are writing to the proprietor of Jackson's Magic Balsam every day, soliciting agencies to sell the Balsam, and why is this? Two reasons why. One is its own merits. The other is its merits are made known through the columns of the newspapers.
mar25—dtf

THE Man of Enterprise creates; the weak imitator tries to copy him. Does any sensible man suppose that the legions of "Buchus," so-called, that infest the drug stores, possess the real merit of Dr. Helmbold's Genuine Extract? Any sufferer from Kidney Complaint, Dropsy, Diabetes, or other urinary disease, in male or female, will detect the difference at once by the result. Helmbold's cures; the others fail. The genuine bears Dr. Helmbold's signature. John F. Henry, New York, Sole Agent.
may13-deod1w

PURGATION AND PROSTRATION.—Let us rejoice that the absurd and paradoxical idea that sick people should be restored to health and strength by violent cathartic treatment has been pretty generally exploded. If there are still to be found any medical dogmatists who believe such practice, the sooner their cords of life are run out the better it will be for their patients. A more rational mode of dealing with human ailments was inaugurated some twenty years ago when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters were introduced, and that powerful vegetable invigorant began its triumphant progress to universal popularity. The world now understands the importance of strengthening, refreshing and regulating, as well as purging the disordered system, and is aware that all these processes go on, together under the four-fold operation of the standard restorative of the age. Prepare yourselves for the debilitating heat of summer with this vitalizing specific.
may14-deod1w&w1t

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Jackson's Magic Balsam has cured Jerry Tate, of Barnesville, Georgia, of a thirty years' rheumatism in his hip. A 25 cents bottle did the deed.

Just think of it, 25 cents' worth of Jackson's Magic Balsam, two applications, curing a case of rheumatism in the hip joint of Jerry Tate, of Barnesville, Georgia, of thirty years' standing.

Sold by Redwine & Fox, George Howard, Henry Pope, and all druggists.
apr22—dtf

Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors EISEMAN & BRO., Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors 56 Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors WHITEHALL STREET Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Tailors Clothiers
Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock Stock
mar25—dtf

CUMMINGS' KING CURE!

This wonderful Lotion cures

Fresh Cuts, Bruises and Burns, Ringworms, Chilblains, and Stys. It is also good for Old Sores, Ulcers Sore Eyes, Risings, Reduction of Tumors, Putrid Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Fever Blisters, Sores caused by Vegetable Poison, and Bites of Poisonous Insects.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING.

For bad Cuts or Bruises, adjust the cut or lacerated parts, and bind up with a linen or soft cotton bandage, and keep the affected parts moist with the lotion. Made and sold by
R. CUMMINGS,
apr23-3&w4f Palmetto, Ga.

J. H. ANDERSON & CO.,

No. 20 Alabama St., Atlanta,

Also now prepared to furnish planters with the Best Mowers and Reapers, Hay Forks and Horse Rakes, Scythes and Cradles, Thrashers and Powers, (with or without Separators.)

Also have a general assortment of Agricultural Implements, Feed Cutters and Harrows, Pumps, Wagons, etc., etc.

Agents for Brown's Celebrated Cotton Gin, Texas Cotton Press, Blandy's Steam Engines and Saw Mills.

Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere.
J. H. ANDERSON & CO.
may9–d1m

WOFFORD & MILNER,

Attorneys at Law,

CARTERSVILLE, GA.

PRACTICES in all the Courts. Office at Cartersville, up stairs, Bank Block. apr24–d6m

PHILLIPS, FLANDERS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Ribbons, Notions, Etc., Etc.

No. 88 Whitehall Street,
apr20—3m ATLANTA, GA.

"DOMESTIC."

BEST. WHY?

I have been using the "Domestic Sewing Machine" for 7 months, and certify that it is by far superior to any I have ever seen. Twenty years' experience ought to give me some idea of the superiority of one machine over another, and I feel safe in saying the "Domestic" is BY FAR superior to any Machine NOW MADE.

I. N. HAIR,
Merchant Tailor, Griffin, Ga.

Owners of other machines are anxious to exchange for it.

We have a large number of the late Improved Howe, Singer and Wheeler & Wilson machines we have taken in exchange at a nominal price, for sale VERY CHEAP.

Agents wanted.
Domestic Sewing Machine Company,
No. 4 DeGive's Opera House,
jan17-dtf Atlanta, Georgia.

SOUTHERN TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta Works, such as Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornice, such as Brackets, Medallions, and everything in the Architectural line. Also, Chimney Tops, Vases, Flower Pots, Statuary, etc., etc. Also Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPE

from 3 inches to 20 inches in diameter. Also, Interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.
mar21—dly PELLEGRINI & CHONES.

House Painting.

C. J. OLIVER desires to inform his old patrons, and many new ones, that he has resumed the business of House Painting in this city for twelve months, and will be happy, during that time, to serve them in any branch of painting.

OUTSIDE PAINTING made a specialty until end of June. Slate at Redwine & Fox's. Send in your orders promptly for outside painting.
apr26—d3m C. J. OLIVER.

D. C. SEYMOUR, of Ga. W. H. POPE, of Tenn.

D. C. SEYMOUR & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers and Commission Merchants,

AND

Dealers in all Kinds of Produce,

No. 87 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly. mar14-3if

Refrigerators! Refrigerators! Refrigerators!!

I HAVE a splendid stock of Double-Locked, Self-Ventilating REFRIGERATORS—the best in the market. Has no superior. Meats, Vegetables, Milk, etc., kept

Perfectly Cool!

Ventilated in such a manner that one vegetable will not be impregnated with the flavor of another.

Also, a large stock of Gooch's Patent ICE CREAM FREEZERS. They have taken the prize wherever used. Guarantee each one to give entire satisfaction. If it does not, return it and have your money refunded.

Splendid stock of BIRD CAGES of every description.

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

STOVES, GRATES, MANTELS, TIN WARE,

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods,

81 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Splendid Stock of Wood Ware at wholesale, always on hand.
apr10—dtw-tue-sun R. B. LANGFORD.

JOHN RYAN

HAS THE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE THAT HE WILL

OPEN ON MONDAY,

And following days, an extensive assortment of

VARIOUS KINDS OF DRY GOODS,

SELECTED BY HIS RESIDENT BUYER IN NEW YORK, AT THE

Late Extensive Auction Sales

Of Field, Morris & Co., Wilmerding, Hogart & Co., and Holt & Bell, which comprises, in part, of 100 dozen Ladies' White Hose, 6¼ cents per pair.
100 dozen Ladies' White, better, 10 cents per pair.
100 dozen Gents' Brown Cotton ½ hose, 10 cents per pair.
50 dozen Gents' Brown Cotton, extra good English, 15 cents per pair.

Ladies' Dress Goods.

The finest line and most extensive assortment ever offered in this market. A big lot at 15 cents, worth, wholesale in New York, early in the season, 25 to 35 cents. Fine Dress Goods, Plain Suitings, Japanese Silks, Linen Brocades and Stripes, Black Grenadines, Satin Stripes, Iron Grenadines, a lovely assortment and at low prices. A new selection of Ladies' Suits will also be open—the greatest novelties in the market. All the new shades in Gro Grain Ribbons, Imported French Corsets 50 cents, better do. 75, $1 00 to $1 25, and upwards.

Think of it, 4-4 Lonsdale Bleached Shirting 15 cents; Arondale do. 13½ cents; A. C. A. Bed Ticking 15 cts.

French Flowers, Ribbons, Straw and Leghorn Hats at half the price usually charged elsewhere.

JOHN RYAN does not propose to sell wholesale, therefore, none of these goods will be sold in larger quantities than will suit his customers. One lot of

89 Rosewood and Mahogany Work Boxes at 50 cents.

Will be sold singly or by the quantity, as he does not generally deal in this article unless when a bargain is given. JOHN RYAN has been appointed agent for R. J. ROBERTS' RAZOR STEEL SCISSORS—the best in the world.

All the above goods, and many others not mentioned, are fresh from the Importers' hands, and no old or imperfect goods are among them. The ladies are respectfully solicited to inspect these goods before making purchases elsewhere, as they will be sure to get new and fashionable goods and at prices to surprise themselves. may11—dlt

LATEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers and Water Coolers,

IN LARGE QUANTITY, ON HAND AT

FRANKLIN & EICHBERG'S,

PLUMBERS, STEAM & GAS FITTERS,

DEALERS IN

Stoves, Ranges, Grates, Plain and Painted Tinware,

Also, Housefurnishing Goods Generally.

STEAM ENGINE SUPPLIES.

Plumber, Steam, Gas Fitters and Tinners' Materials at Manufacturers' Prices.

All kinds of Metal Roofing, Water, Gas and Steam Works done with dispatch.
Agents for Seldon's Steam Pump.
Full stock of Chandeliers, Gas Fixtures and Globes. may6—apr6-dtf

To the Traveling Public.

I WOULD respectfully inform persons wishing transportation

From Duluth, Georgia,

On the Air-Line Railroad, to

Lawrenceville, Cumming, Alpharetta

or any other point of the surrounding country, that I am prepared with good conveyances. Charges moderate.
feb18—dtf J. A. HOWELL.

To the Merchants of Atlanta

THE ATLANTIC AND GULF

FREIGHT LINE,

VIA SAVANNAH,

BEG leave to announce to their friends and patrons that their rates and classifications shall always be as low as by competing Lines, and any "Special Circulars" or "Letters" issued by other routes, giving lower rates than at present advertised, will be promptly met by corresponding reductions on the Atlantic and Gulf Freight Line.

Merchants visiting New York will consult their interest by calling on C. D. OWENS, the General Agent of the Line, 229 Broadway, before making Freight arrangements elsewhere.
july21—deod6m

Atlanta & New Orleans Short Line

By the Way of West Point, Georgia, and Montgomery, Alabama.

ON AND AFTER March 1, 1873, double daily passenger trains will run on this line as follows:

STATIONS.	FIRST TRAIN. Leave	Arrive
Atlanta	1:25 A. M.	
Montgomery	10:15 A. M.	10:15 A. M.
Mobile	10:20 P. M.	9:45 P. M.
New Orleans		4:10 A. M.

STATIONS.	SECOND TRAIN. Leave	Arrive
Atlanta	7:00 A. M.	
Montgomery	6:00 P. M.	5:55 P. M.
Mobile	9:45 A. M.	5:45 A. M.
New Orleans		3:55 P. M.

Passengers going South and Southwest, will find this line One Hundred and Sixty-Two (162) miles shorter and 12 hours quicker to New Orleans; and all points in Texas, than any other. Forty six miles shorter to Vicksburg and all points in Central and Southern Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas.

The only line running Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars through from Atlanta to New Orleans, without change.

Through tickets to all points. Buy your tickets by the way of West Point and Montgomery.

L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent Atlanta and West Point Railroad.
C. I. PORNAGER,
Superintendent Western Railroad of Alabama.
G. JORDAN,
General Supt. Mobile and Montgomery Railroad.
W. J. HOUSTON,
General Passenger Agent, Georgia Railroad Depot, up-stairs. mar1-tf

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late Horace A. Pratt, deceased, will render attest settlements, and all persons indebted thereto, will make payment to Messrs. Simons & Siegling, 37 Broad street, Charleston, S. C., or to the undersigned at Savannah, Ga. WM. H. PRATT,
Administrator on the Estate of Horace A. Pratt, deceased. may1—law4w

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Bank

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.—WM. W. SHARP, Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music. Rooms in the Grant Building, corner Broad and Marietta streets. Terms—$5 per month (16 lessons, one hour each). He also instructs BRASS BANDS, and arranges Music for them. may8—1tj

AT AUCTION!

10 Room House, Outbuildings, etc.,

Decatur street,

BETWEEN COLLINS AND CALHOUN STREETS.

I WILL SELL at Auction, on the premises, Monday, May 26th, at 4½ o'clock, P. M. the Pope House, situated on the north side of Decatur, between Collins and Calhoun streets, with outbuildings, etc. Lot 90 by 200 feet, shaded with a choice lot of fruits, also flower garden, etc.

The property is well suited for boarding house or residence. Sale positive.

Terms—One-third cash, balance 6 and 12 months, with 10 per cent. interest.

may11—d2t C. C. HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agent.

FOR SALE.

Choice Hotel,

Rome, Ga.

The Cheapest Property in the State!!

THIS is one of the best pieces of property in Upper Georgia. It is a first class BRICK BUILDING, three stories high, with 35 rooms, including a good Store, Bar and Billiard Room. The size of the Lot is 113 feet on Broad street by 200 feet on Bridge street.

It is located in the center of the city, only 40 yards from the City Hall, and 20 yards from the Court House.

The Store and Bar and Billiard Room can be rented for more than enough to pay the interest on the entire price of the Property.

Recent improvements have been made and the House is now in perfect order.

Apply to J. C. RAWLINS Proprietor.

ALSO FOR SALE,

A Beautiful Suburban Residence, with 26 Acres of Rich Land.

I also offer for sale my residence in Forestville. The Dwelling is a substantial wood building, two stories, well finished and painted inside and out, with eight rooms, beside kitchen and cellar. The outbuildings consisting of carriage house, stables, etc., are adequate and in good condition. This place is situated only 300 yards from the city limits and 1¼ miles from the Court House.

There are 25 acres of the richest kind of upland belonging to this place, lying beautifully, and the surroundings are all of a pleasant character. This is a delightful situation for any one who wants an elegant suburban Home, with all the advantages, such as churches, schools, etc., that pertain to the city, and yet the free breathing, quiet and retirement of the country.

This place will be sold very cheap for cash with a reasonable addition for half cash and the balance in one year. Address
nov11-dtf J. C. RAWLINS Rome.

NOTICE.

DR. B. J. HEAD offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta. Having an experience of over a quarter of a century, in the various branches of his profession, he hopes to give satisfaction. Residence and office, Forsyth street, near Bragg's store. mar19-d6m

Great Summer Resort

FOR HEALTH OR PLEASURE,

The Oconee White Sulphur Springs.

(McCamey's name Gainesville, Georgia.)

THE above named Springs have been leased by MRS. J. O. TRAMMELL & SON, (late of Trammell House, Gainesville,) where their friends and the public generally, who are in quest of either HEALTH or PLEASURE, will find ample means of enjoyment.

The water of these Springs need no comment, as their medical qualities are known from New York to the Gulf. The climate cannot be surpassed. The Hotel has been newly furnished and guests will be given every attention that is required to make their stay pleasant and agreeable. Charges moderate.

april24-dim MRS. J. O. TRAMMELL & SON.

Savannah Republican and Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel please copy and send accounts to Gainesville.

South Carolina Railroad

CHARLESTON, December 14, 1872.

ON and after Sunday, 15th instant, the following Schedule will be run on the South Carolina Railroad:

Between Charleston and Augusta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Charleston	[illegible] A M
Arrive at Augusta	[illegible] P M
Leave Augusta	[illegible] A M
Arrive at Charleston	[illegible] P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leave Charleston	[illegible] P M
Arrive at Augusta	[illegible] A M
Leave Augusta	[illegible] P M
Arrive at Charleston	[illegible] A M

Between Charleston and Columbia

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	[illegible] A M
Arrive at Columbia	[illegible] P M
Leave Columbia	[illegible] A M
Arrive at Augusta	[illegible] P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	5:25 P M
Arrive at Columbia	[illegible] A M
Leave Columbia	[illegible] P M
Arrive at Augusta	[illegible] A M

Day and night trains connect at Augusta with the Georgia Railroad and Central Railroad.

Night train connects with Macon and Augusta Railroad.

Night train out of Augusta makes close connection at Columbia with Greenville and Columbia Railroad.

Passengers by this route to the Greenville and Columbia Railroad will avoid a tedious delay at night in Columbia, by taking this route.

Elegant new sleeping cars on night trains between Augusta and Charleston.

S. B. PICKENS, General Ticket Agent.
feb8-tf

Madison House,

Madison, Georgia,

P. B. WOODARD .... Proprietor.
mar18-d6m

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

Points from the Press.

No man should complain of female extravagance now-a-days. Queen Elizabeth had three thousand dresses and eighty wigs.

The West is a great country. A Minnesota farmer lost a gimlet three years ago. The other day he cut down a tree near his farm and found in it a three-quarter inch auger.

The Conservative Executive Committee of Virginia have adopted Richmond as the place and the 6th of August as the day for holding the Conservative State Convention.

The value of the Western hay crop for the year 1872 was over $6,000,000.

Giving Credit.

An enterprising and fair-dealing business man in Augusta, Me., was lately met at the door of his grocery by an honest-looking Frenchman, an entire stranger to him, who asked credit for a barrel of flour. "I can pay half ze cash down and ze balance next Saturday, sure. The merchant, without hesitation, turned to one of his clerks, and with a kindly smile upon the would-be owner of the barrel of flour, said: "This good man wants to get trusted for a barrel of flour, he'll pay half down, and the rest next Saturday. I'll risk him; he's good as gold; open a fresh barrel, weigh out half, deliver it in good shape at his house, put the barrel away safely, and take it down next Saturday, when he pays the balance; never refuse to trust an honest looking man for bread." It was done; the money paid, and the French gentleman departed rejoicing in an abundance of flour and unlimited credit.

An Afflicted Family.

The truest, tenderest sympathies of this community and a large circle of friends throughout the State, are stirred to their very depths in recalling the afflictions that have befallen the family of the late James A. Nisbet within the past three or four months. His widow, during that time, has followed to the grave the remains of a husband, an idolized daughter—Mrs. George H. Hazlehurst—and a lovely little grandchild—the son of Mr. Marshal deGraffenried—the two latter dying in the same house within twenty-four hours of each other. Surely the hand of the Master has been laid with especial heaviness upon this devoted wife and mother. If the sympathy of hosts of friends who can only offer the poor consolation of their heartfelt condolences could temper the keenness of her sharp grief, then, indeed, would she find comfort.—*Macon Telegraph.*

Nothing New Under the Sun.

Humboldt, in his "Cosmos," states that the Chinese had magnetic carriages with which to guide themselves across the great plains of Tartary, one thousand years before our era, on the principle of the compass.

The Romans used movable types to make their pottery and indorse their books.

Mr. Layard found, in Nineveh, a magnifying lens of crystal, which Sir David Brewster considers a true optical lens and the origin of the microscope.

The principle of the stereoscope, invented by Professor Wheatstone, was known to Euclid, described by Galen, fifteen hundred years ago.

The Thames Tunnel was anticipated by that under the Euphates at Babylon, and the ancient Egyptians had a Suez Canal.

The daguerreotype process was anticipated by De LaRoche in the "Giphantie," 1760, though it was only the statement of a dreamer.

Robert E. Lee.

In the Edinburg Review for April, an article on Robert E. Lee will be read with deep interest. It is a grand tribute from an unbiased source. For its estimate of the general place that Lee is to hold in American history, the following sentence will suffice as well as a volume:

"The day will come when the evil passions of the great civil strife will sleep in oblivion, and North and South will do justice to each other's motives and forget each other's wrongs. Then history will speak with clear voice of the deeds on either side, and citizens of the whole Union do justice to the memory of the dead, and place above all others the name of the great chief of whom we have written. In strategy mighty; in battle terrible; in adversity, as in prosperity, a hero indeed, with the simple devotion to duty and the rare purity of the ideal Christian knight he joined all the kingly qualities of a leader of men. It is a wonderous future, indeed, that lies before America, but in her annals of years to come, as in those of the past, there will be found few names that can rival in unsullied luster that of the heroic defender of his native Virginia, Robert Edward Lee.

Educational Items.

North Carolina is to have an Educational Convention, in July, to discuss the promotion of general education in the State.

Forty-eight colored girls from North Carolina have entered the Hampton Normal School, Virginia, where they will be fitted for teachers gratuitously.

According to the census of 1870, the total number of schools in the United States was 141,629 for males, and 127,713 for females. The total number of pupils was 9,209,938.

The authorities in Massachusetts declare that the vigorous and effective military drill given to all the boys in the high schools of that State has been of "incalculable benefit" in improving their physical health.

The number of pupils attending the Maryland schools for 1872 was 114,974.

The Supreme Court of New York has just decided that the Fourteeth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States does not prohibit boards of education from establishing separate schools for colored youth. The Supreme Court of Ohio had previously given a decision to the same effect. The decisions in both cases agree that the equality of rights guaranteed by the Fourteeth Amendment does not imply that white and colored youth shall attend the same schools any more than it necessitates the attendance of the two sexes at the same schools. What the amendment plainly guarantees is that the two races shall be provided with equal public school advantages.

PAPERS LEFT BY THE LATE CHIEF JUSTICE.—Among the papers left by Judge Chase in the hands of his biographer are his diaries, which he kept with much regularity during the greater portion of his life. It is known that he was in the habit of noting, among other things, the discussions in President Lincoln's cabinet of prominent topics while he was a member of it. It is believed that his biographer will give portions of these sketches in his life of Chase.

EMERSON IN ENGLAND.—Ralph Waldo Emerson attended the ceremonies attendant upon the inauguration of Thomas Hughes as president of a college whilst he was in London. Mr. Hughes made some allusion to Emerson, the first word of which, says M. D. Conway, "was the signal for a prolonged storm of applause such as that building never before knew, and when at last Emerson was compelled to rise to his feet the enthusiasm became almost indescribable. When the deep hush came, the low musical voice which has charmed so many ears and minds in both countries was listened to again breathlessly."

☞ The Detroit Free Press relates an incident which occurred on the return of an excursion party from that city. Soon after the boat left Toledo, the steward was approached by an excited individual, who asked him if he was the captain. The steward replied in the negative, at the same time giving his rank.

"Have you the power to put a man out of the cabin?" inquired the stranger.

"Well, yes, if he is disorderly, I have," replied the steward.

"Well, sir," look in here and see them, will you?" said the stranger, leading the official round to the door. The steward looked in upon the motley group and replied that he saw nothing out of the way.

"You don't, eh? Don't you see a man in there hugging a woman?"

"Well, yes," replied the steward, "but what of that? Hasn't a fellow the right to embrace his wife?"

"That's what I want you to run him off for," replied the stranger, dancing around; "that's my wife, and I've stood it so long that I've got mad!"

De Mortuis.

Mrs. Pless, residing near the Chalybeate Springs in Meriwether county, died last Sunday night.

Mr. Epaphroditus McCoy, of Baldwin county, died a few days since.

Reading Notices.

Low spirits and gloominess are the result of Dyspepsia. Dr. Tutt's Pills promote digestion and imparts cheerfulness of mind.
may18—d1w&w1t

ELEGANT, sweet, light and wholesome bread, Rolls, Biscuits, Corn Bread, Muffins, Buckwheat and other Griddle Cakes, and Pastry and Cakes, with Dooley's Yeast Powder. Sold by Grocers. may13—deod1w&w1t

So sweet, so pure,
So safe, so sure,
So suited to each dental want,
The fragrant SOZODONT.
may13—d1w&w1t

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR, if persisted in, will cure the most stubborn Liver Disease. There is no failure about it. may13—deod1w&w1t

THE purest and sweetest cod liver oil is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the sea shore, from fresh selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co. New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. apr30 d&w4w

THE Purest and Sweetest Cod-Liver Oil is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the sea shore, from fresh, selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. apr6—d&w4w

NO POSTPONEMENT.—It is not wise to put off until the heats of summer have commenced the invigorating process which would have secured the system, in advance, against this untoward influence. By toning the stomach, liver and bowels in the spring months with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and continuing to take this harmless but powerful vegetable invigorant during the summer, it is quite certain that even persons who are naturally delicate and deficient in vital force may escape the fits of indigestion, headache, nausea, biliousness, nervous debility and mental oppression which, in the absence of such preparation, often prostrate and agonize the more robust. A pure stimulant, medicated with the juices of the finest tonic, anti-billious and aperient roots and herbs, is an invaluable boon to the weak and ailing, and this life-sustaining boon in the form of Hostetter's Bitters, is fortunately within the reach of all.
may8-deod1w&w1t.

VALUABLE AND RELIABLE.—"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are invaluable to those exposed to sudden changes, affording prompt relief in Coughs, Colds, etc.
may6-tues-thurs sat

PERSONAL.—Dr. Helmbold to the front again.—We are glad to see that during the Doctor's temporary residence in Europe, the supply of his genuine Extract Buchu—the only known specific for urinary disorders and obscure complaints in either sex—has been supplied from his formula and apparatus by his representative here. The genuine article bears the Doctor's signature, and is probably the best known and most valuable remedy of the kind in the world. John F. Henry, New York, sole agent.
may9—deod1w

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET.
oct2—d1y New York.

THIS CONCENTRATED VEGETABLE SPECIFIC is a true Purifier of the Blood. It thoroughly neutralizes and eliminates from the system the specific virus which causes such a long list of human suffering.

In every form of scrofulous, mercurial and constitutional blood complains it stands without compeer, rapidly curing ulcers, pustules, carbuncles, scald head, salt rheum, and the 88 different varieties of skin affections. It is a positive curative for scrofula, and the deadly enemy of mercury, lead and arsenic, quickly eliminating them from the system. The Fluid Extract of Queens delight, prepared by Dr. J. S. Pemberton, has made the most wonderful and astonishing cures. Its purifying, vivifying and tonic properties exercise the quickest and most powerful effects in restoring health. It is harmless to the most delicate, and can never be used amiss. It is the true beautifier of the complexion. If you want pure rich blood, clear skin and beautiful complexion, use the Compound Extract of Stillingia or Queens Delight. Read our treatise on diseases of the blood. The genuine has the signature of the proprietor upon each label.
J. S. PEMBERTON & Co.,
mar30eod-1yr Atlanta, Ga.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—These pills are composed exclusively of vegetable ingredients, and although they entirely supersede the use of mercury, do not leave any of its injurious effects. They act directly upon the liver, and are a valuable remedy in all cases of derangement resulting from a disordered state of that organ, Liver Complaint, Billious Disorders, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Typhoid Fevers, etc., etc., all succumb to the free use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.
J. H SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets,
Philadelphia.
may5— dec25—deod1y

WHY WILL YE DIE?—Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suspension of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the "courses," Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only sure remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent Doctors use it. Prepared by J. H. Bradfield, druggist, Atlanta, Ga; $1 50 per bottle, and sold by respectable druggists everywhere.
TUSKEGEE, ALA.

MR. L. H. BRADFIELD—Sir: Please forward us, immediately, another supply of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. We find it to be all that is claimed for it, and we have witnessed the most decided and happy effects produced by it. Very respectfully,
HUNTER & ALEXANDER.

I could add a thousand other certificates, but I consider the above amply sufficient proof of its virtue. All I ask is a trial.
J. BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by all the druggists in Atlanta.
mar30 eod1yr

THE YANCY HOTEL,
BY MISS E. C. YANCY, LATE OF VIRGINIA,

WOULD respectfully inform her friends and patrons of the Dougherty House, that she has recently purchased the Brick Hotel in Newnan, Georgia, (better known as the McDowell House,) where she would be pleased to see her old friends and the traveling public. [illegible]
jan5-d1f Prof. WM. WELLS, Clerk

THE MAJORS HOUSE,
BY E. MAJORS,
TRENTON.......................GEORGIA.
[illegible] nov8-d1f

Thomaston Hotel,
Thomaston..........Georgia.

THE undersigned having taken charge of the above House, takes pleasure in announcing to the public [illegible] first-class Hotel, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction to all who will favor him with their patronage. [illegible]
H. T. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

GOULD, BARTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS!
DEALERS IN
Flour, Grain and General Produce!!

WE call the attention of the Trade to our Stock of FLOUR. A full line of all grades constantly on hand at reasonable figures.

CORN.

We are now fully prepared to supply dealers with CORN in any quantities at lowest market rates.
Atlanta, Ga., May 4, 1873—d3m

W. M. PENDLETON & CO.,
STATIONERS,
Whitehall Street.

ARE RECEIVING AND OPENING DAILY A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Blank Books, Initial Paper, Writing Paper, Wrapping Paper, Slates, Chalk Crayons, Bill Files, Letter Files, Invoice Files, Envelopes, Pencils, Ink, Ind Stands, Steel Pens, Gold Pens,

VISITING CARDS, Mucilage, Dominoes, Playing Cards, Back Gammon Boards, Copying Books, Copying Presses, Copying Ink, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Printers' Cards, Flat Papers,

AND EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STATIONERY HOUSE.

As we make a speciality of Stationery of course we are prepared to sell as cheap as any house South, and guarantee to do so.

Orders for Job Printing, Ruling and Binding of every description solicited, guaranteeing work to be as good and prices as low as any house South.

W. M. PENDLETON & CO.
apr12-d1y. 68 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOCTORS CANT BEAT THIS RECORD. J. P. BROOKINS & SON, of Eaton, Ohio, testify that one bottle of Kress Fever Tonic cured four cases of Ague. Write them and see about it! A box of pills FREE with every bottle. SMALL DOSES and QUICK CURES are WARRANTED by
W. C. HAMILTON & CO.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

A WATCH FREE worth $30, given gratis to every live man who will act as our agent. Business light & honorable. $300 made in 5 days. Saleable as flour. Everybody buys it. Can't do without it. Must have it. No Gift Enterprise, no humbug. KENNEDY & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

A GREAT OFFER!

We will pay all AGENTS $40 per week in cash, who will engage with us at ONCE. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address,
A. COULTER & CO., Charlotte, Mich.

NUMEROUS TESTS HAVE PROVED
N. F. Burnhams' New Turbine
WATER WHEEL,
To be the Best Ever Invented.
PAMPHLET FREE. Adress, YORK, Pa.

THE LIGHT RUNNING DOMESTIC
Sewing Machine
Is the BEST IN THE WORLD.
Agents Wanted. Send for circular. Address, "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO., N. Y.

NOTICE.
REDUCTION OF PRICE OF BOARD.
ST. CLAIR HOTEL,
Monument Square, Baltimore, Md.

On and after March 1st, 1873, board at this Hotel, to merchants, will be $2 50 per day. The only hotel in Baltimore with improved elevator. Suits of rooms with baths and all other conveniences.
HARRY H. FOGLE, Manager.

WANTED.—Agents to sell Pictures. 13 500 retailed by one. Send stamp WHITNEY & Co., Norwich, Ct.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE, $60 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions & valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with 6 cent return stamp, M YOUNG & CO, 173 Greenwich st, N. Y.

NEVER

Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation for future evil consequences.

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

are a sure cure for all diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diptheria, Asthma, Catarrh, Hoarseness, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe, or Bronchial Tubes, and all diseases of the Lungs.

In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will, in a very short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs.

Wells' Carbolic Tablets are put up only in *blue boxes*. Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggists, send at once to the Agent in New York, who will forward them by return mail.

Don't be deceived by Imitations.

Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., New York.
Send for Circular. Sole Agent for United States.

12,000,000 ACRES.
CHEAP FARMS!

The Cheapest Land in Market, for sale by the
Union Pacific Railroad Company
In the Great Platte Valley.

3,000,000 Acres in Central Nebraska

Now for sale in tracts of forty acres and upwards, on Five and Ten Years' Credit at 6 per cent. No Advance Interest required.

Mild and Healthful Climate, Fertile Soil, an Abundance of Good Water.

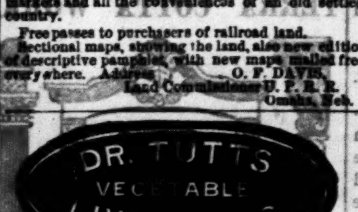
The best Market in the West! The great Mining regions of Wyoming, Colorado, Utah and Nevada, being supplied by the farmers in the Platte Valley.

SOLDIERS ENTITLED
—TO A—
Homestead of 160 Acres.
The Best Location for Colonies.

FREE HOMES FOR ALL! Millions of acres of choice Government lands open for entry under the Homestead Law, near this great railroad, with good markets and all the conveniences of an old settled country.

Free passes to purchasers of railroad land.

Sectional maps, showing the land, also new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps mailed free everywhere. Address, O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner U. P. R. R.
Omaha, Neb.



The startling drawback on nearly all medicinal agents has ever been that in their process of purgation and purification they have also debilitated the system. To obviate this difficulty physicians have long sought for the agent that would

PURGE, PURIFY AND STRENGTHEN
At one and the same time.

Their research has at last been rewarded by a discovery which fully realizes the fondest desires of the medical faculty, and which is justly regarded as the most important triumph that Pharmacy has ever achieved. The important desideratum is

Dr. Tutt's Vegetable Liver Pill.

Which purify the blood and remove all corrupt humors and unhealthy accumulations from the body, and yet produce no weakness or lassitude whatever, but on the contrary tone the stomach, and invigorate the body during the progress of their operation. They unite the heretofore irreconcilable qualities of a STRENGTHENING PURGATIVE and PURIFYING TONIC.

Dr. Tutt's Pills are the most active and searching medicine in existence. [illegible]
Principal office, 18 and 20 Platt St., New York.

EVERY Enterprise that looks for support beyond the county in which it is located should advertise [illegible] United States and Canada. Our lists of secular, religious and agricultural journals are STANDARD. [illegible]
(Established 1851.) Newspaper Agents, Baltimore, Md.

"PSYCHOMANCY, or SOUL CHARMING." [illegible] gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. [illegible] a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding-night Shirt, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pubs. Phila.

Is the Most Powerful Cleanser, strengthener and remover of Glandular Obstructions known to *Materia Medica.*

It is specially adapted to constitutions "worn down" and debilitated by the warm weather of Spring and Summer, when the blood is not in active circulation, consequently gathering impurities from sluggishness and imperfect action of the secretive organs, and is manifested by Tumors, Eruptions, Blotches, Boils, Pustules, Scrofula, etc., etc.

When weary and languid from overwork, and dullness, drowsiness and inertia take the place of energy and vigor, the system needs a Tonic to build it up and help the Vital Forces to regain their recuperative power.

In the heat of Summer, frequently the Liver and Spleen do not properly perform their functions; the Uterine and Urinary Organs are inactive, producing weakness of the stomach and intestines and a predisposition to bilious derangement.

DR. WELLS'
EXTRACT OF JURRUBEBA

is prepared directly from the SOUTH AMERICAN PLANT, and is peculiarly suited to all these difficulties; it will cleanse the VITIATED BLOOD, strengthen the LIFE-GIVING POWERS, and REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS from IMPAIRED AND ENFEEBLED Organs.

It should be freely taken, as Jurubeba is pronounced by medical writers the most efficient PURIFIER, TONIC and DEOBSTRUENT known in the whole range of medicinal plants.

$50,000 for $2!!!
GRAND GIFT CONCERT
Of the Mercantile Library Asso'n
OF THE
CITY OF LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS,

IN ACCORDANCE with an act of the Legislature and their Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors announce their first

Grand Gift Concert and Distribution by lot, among the ticket-holders of

$332,555 IN CASH,

at LAING'S HALL, Leavenworth, on the 25th day of June, 1873, for the benefit of the Library.

51,938 Cash Gifts, amounting to $332,555.

This enterprise is endorsed by the Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Treasurer of State, Mayor and Common Council of Leavenworth, and all leading business men of the State, and the certainty of the distribution and payment of gifts, as advertised, is fully guaranteed.

Tickets $2 each, 3 for $5, 6 for $10.

Memorandum of Cash Gifts to be distributed June 25th, 1873.

1 GRAND CASH GIFT	$50,000
1 GRAND CASH GIFT	40,000
1 GRAND CASH GIFT	35,000
1 GRAND CASH GIFT	30,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	25,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	20,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	15,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	12,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	10,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	8,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	5,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	3,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	2,000

For balance of prizes send for circular.

This concert is under the supervision and direction of the following

Board of Directors:

C H Durfee, Merchant, W O Gould, City Eng'r,
H B Newman, Banker, P G Lowe, Capitalist,
H D Rush, Lumber, C R Morehead, Merchant,
H W Gillett, Merchant, J L Wever, M. D.,
G F Prescott, Commercial, J W English, Lawer,
James B Kitchen, Farmer, C Moller, Cash'r Ger S B,
E T Carr, Architect.

Officers:

E H Durfee, President, H L Newman, Vice-Pres.
Geo F Prescott, Sec. Carl Moller, Treas.

The well known character of the Directors of the MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION and the endorsement presented, is a sufficient guarantee to all that ticket-holders that their interests will be fully guarded and protected.

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may3-d6m

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feb1—d6m

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apr13-1m

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